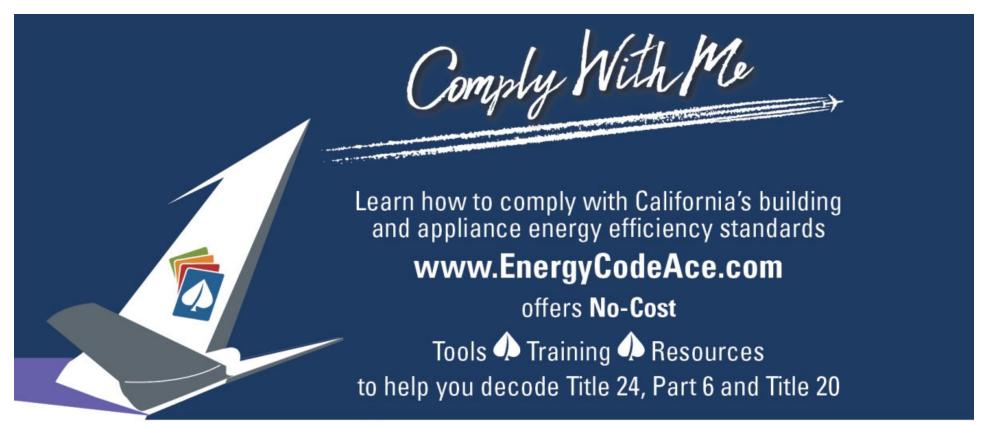


# **Decoding 2019 Energy Standards:**















This program is funded by California utility customers and administered by Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E), San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E®), Southern California Edison Company (SCE), and Southern California Gas Company (SoCalGas®) under the auspices of the California Public Utilities Commission.





### Who Are We?



Gina Rodda
Gabel Energy
gina@gabelenergy.com



BUILDING ENERGY ANALYSIS ENERGY CODE COMPLIANCE

### **Host: Gina Rodda**

Gina Rodda, our host for the Decoding Talk series, is a Certified Energy Analyst (CEA) through CABEC, and LEED Accredited Professional (AP).

She is involved in providing residential and non-residential energy calculations for a variety of building types throughout California; an instructor of full day trainings; subject matter expert supporting future code development; aids the improvement to tools and resources supporting energy compliance through the private utility programs and the Energy Commission.

Gina has been in the energy modeling field since 1991.



### Who Are We?



Ted Tiffany
Guttmann & Blaevoet
Principal/
Director of Sustainability

Ttiffany@gb-eng.com



### **Guest Speaker: Ted Tiffany**

Ted leads Guttmann & Blaevoet's building performance modeling group and is the Director of Sustainability for the company. Ted has 20 years of experience using various energy analysis tools modeling energy, comfort, and daylighting.

Ted is a Subject Matter Expert for Energy Code Ace, the State Investor Owned Utility's team for energy code education, development, and outreach.

He is currently focused on Zero Net Energy buildings and their interaction with the grid systems, co-generation, and active storage systems for energy management.



# Decoding 2016 Standards



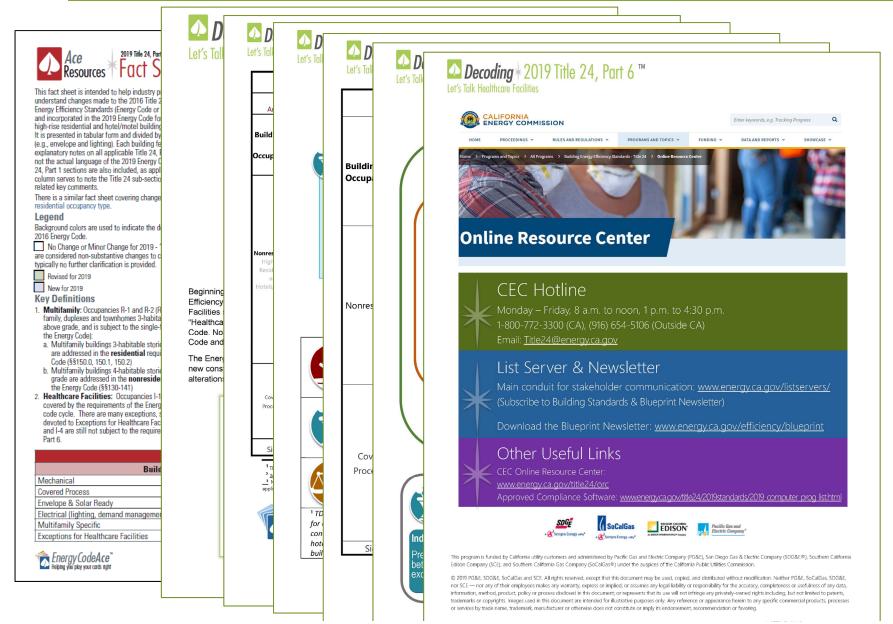
- → Be aware of the format, code triggers and building features associated with the Energy Code;
- → Understand the exceptions included in the Energy Code specific to a licensed healthcare facility;
- → Tips on how to determine modeling healthcare facilities strategies;
- → Documenting compliance for OSHPD submittal (Certificate of Compliance), during construction (Certificate of Installation) and for verification (Certificate of Acceptance) applicable to healthcare facilities.





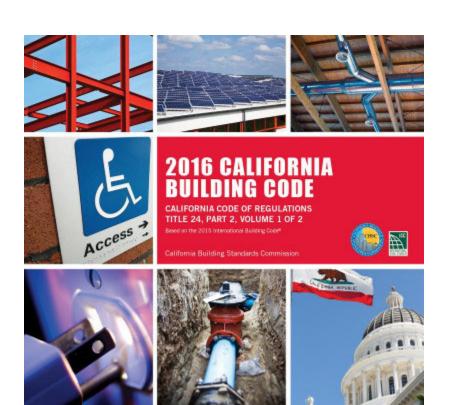


### Handouts





### Title 24: CA Building Code



- → Part 1: Administrative
- → Part 2: ICC Changes
- → Part 2.5: Residential Buildings
- → Part 3: Electrical Code
- → Part 4: Mechanical Code
- → Part 5: Plumbing Code
- → Part 6: ENERGY CODE
- → Part 8: Historic Building
- → Part 9: Fire Code
- → Part 10: Existing Buildings
- → Part 11: Environmental Code



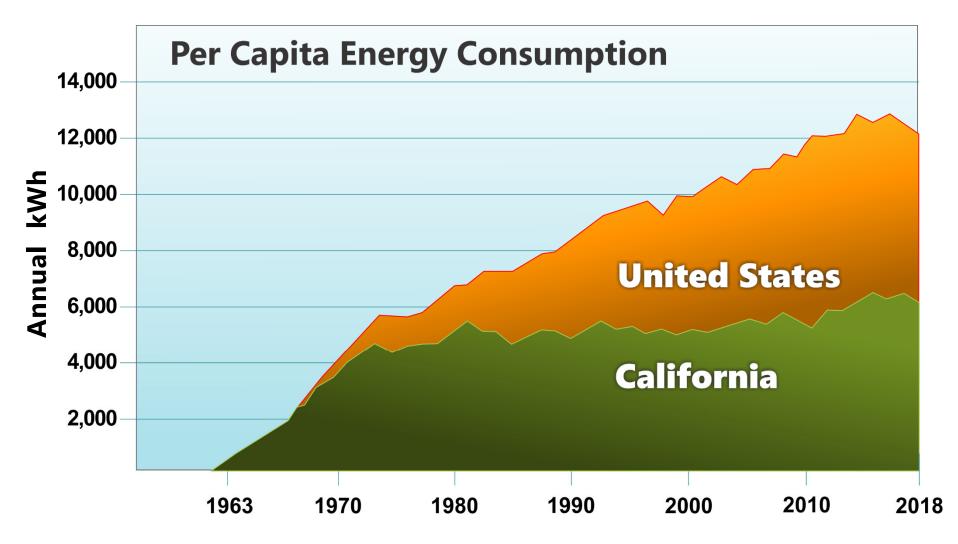
# Incremental Steps toward "Carbon Neutral"



- → Since 1978, California's Building Energy Efficiency Code (Title 24, Part 6) has focused on:
  - Reducing uneconomic, inefficient or unnecessary consumption of energy
  - Enhancing outdoor and indoor environmental quality
- For 2019 and beyond, the Energy Code will focus on:
  - Continuing to increase building energy efficiency
  - Also addresses additional pressing needs of today:
    - Reducing carbon emissions
    - Encouraging grid harmonization



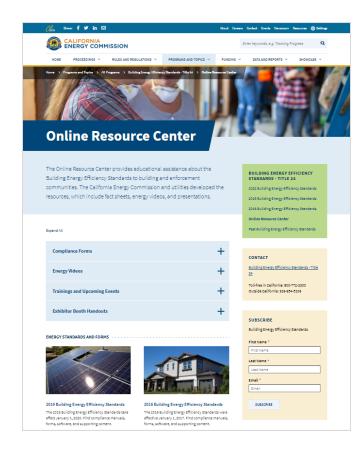
# CA Energy Code Makes a Real Difference



Source: California Energy Commission publication, *Toward A Clean Energy Future, 2018 Integrated Energy Policy Report Update Volume I*, Adopted August 1, 2018; <a href="https://www2.energy.ca.gov/2018">https://www2.energy.ca.gov/2018</a> energypolicy/



# Energy Commission Resources



### CEC Hotline

Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to noon, 1 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. 1-800-772-3300 (CA), (916) 654-5106 (Outside CA) Email: <u>Title24@energy.ca.gov</u>

### List Server & Newsletter

Main conduit for stakeholder communication:

www.energy.ca.gov/listservers/

(Subscribe to Building Standards & Blueprint Newsletter)

Download the Blueprint Newsletter: <a href="https://www.energy.ca.gov/efficiency/blueprint">www.energy.ca.gov/efficiency/blueprint</a>

### Other Useful Links

CEC Online Resource Center:

https://www.energy.ca.gov/programs-and-

topics/programs/building-energy-efficiency-standards/online-

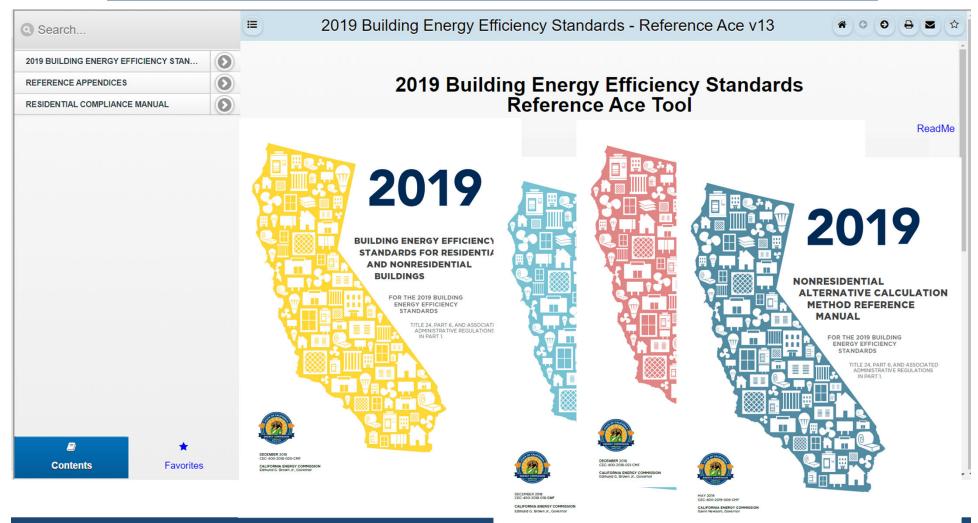
resource-center

Approved Compliance Software:

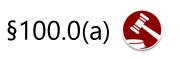
www.energy.ca.gov/title24/2019standards/2019 computer prog list.html



Helps you navigate the Standards using key word search capabilities, hyperlinked tables and related sections



EnergyCodeAce.com/tools

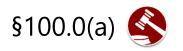




# Occupancy Groups Covered (2019)

Occupancy Group		Example(s)		
A2-A5	Assembly	Theaters, churches, arenas, amusement parks		
В	Businesses	Office buildings, banks, schools above 12th grade		
Е	Educational facilities	K-12 schools		
F1-F2	Low & moderate hazard facilities	Food processing, airports, dry cleaning, foundries		
H1-H5	High hazard facilities	Detonation, accelerated burning, health hazards		
11-12	Licensed healthcare facilities	Licensed healthcare facility per CA Health & NEW Safety Code §1250		
M	Mercantile	Grocery store, department store		
R1-R4	Residential	Hotels/motels, apartments, homes, assisted living (between 6-16 residents)		
S1-S2	Storage, low & moderate hazard	Home goods, tires, food products, parking garages		
U	Utility	Agricultural, barns, greenhouses, carports		





### Institutional Facilities added (Occupancy I-1 & I-2)

**I-1 Covers** 

Definitions

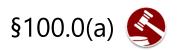


Per California Health and Safety
 Code §1204 & 1250 for a licensed healthcare facility:



Important exemptions are listed in many sections of the code





# Healthcare Facilities (cont)



**I-3 Exempt** 

- → Prisons
- → Jails Reformatories
- Detention Centers
- Correctional Centers
- → Prerelease centers

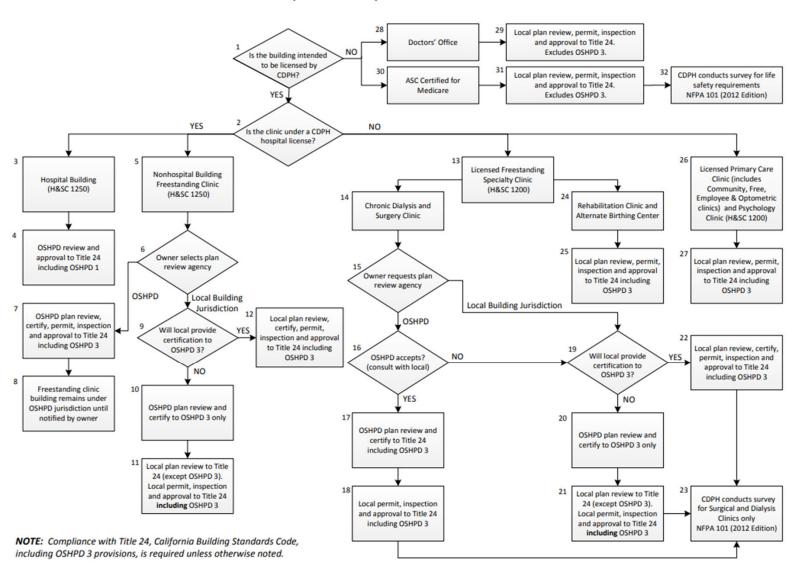
**I-4 Exempt** 

Adult and child daycare facilities



# **OSHPD** or Local Building Department

### CALIFORNIA MEDICAL CLINIC GUIDELINES FOR PLAN REVIEW, APPROVAL, INSPECTION AND CERTIFICATION





# **OSHPD** or Local Building Department

"Hospital building" is defined in H&SC Section 1250. OSHPD preempts the local building jurisdiction for enforcement of the Title 24, California Building Standards Code.

Freestanding clinic buildings under the hospital license are typically subject to the local building jurisdiction, although they are licensed under H&SC Section 1250.

- If the local building jurisdiction will not provide written certification to OSHPD 3 requirements, then plans shall be submitted to OSHPD for plan review and certification to OSHPD 3 requirements only. The local building jurisdiction shall review the plans for compliance to Title 24 excluding OSHPD 3.
- ☐ The application of OSHPD 3 requirements is independent of the determination of occupancy classification.
  - A Group B Occupancy doctor's office is subject to OSHPD 3 requirements if the office is licensed as a clinic pursuant to H&SC Section 1200.
  - Conversely, a surgical clinic classified as a Group I-2.1 occupancy is not subject to OSHPD 3 requirements if it is not licensed pursuant to H&SC Section 1200 or 1250.

including OSHPD 3



FDD -

# **OSHPD** Tools versus Energy Code Ace

STATE OF CALIFORNIA - HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY

OFFICE OF STATEWIDE HEALTH PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT DIVISION
2020 W. El Camino Ave., Suite 800 ~ Sacramento, California 95833
355 South Grand Avenue, Suite 1900, Los Angeles, CA 90071



#### 2016 CBC Architectural Plan Review Reminder List - OSHPD 1

		CALIFORNIA ADAMNICTRATIVE CODE
		CALIFORNIA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
		CHAPTER 7 SAFETY STANDARDS FOR HEALTH FACILITIES
		7-115 Preparation of construction documents and reports
		7-119 Functional Program
		CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE
		1224 HOSPITALS
		1224.1 Scope
		1224.2 Application
		1224.2<2> Change in function
		1224.2<3> Alternate space utilization
		1224.3 Definitions
		1224.4 GENERAL CONSTRUCTION
		1224.4.1 Services/systems and utilities – Reference to Section 3416A
		1224.4.2 Environmental engineering and support service spaces
	ā	1224.4.3 Treatment spaces
		1224.4.4 Support areas for patient care
		1224.4.4.1 Examination or treatment room
	ō	1224.4.4.1.1 Examination room
ō	ō	1224.4.4.1.2 Treatment room
		1224.4.4.1.3 Airborne infection isolation exam/treatment room
		1224.4.4.1.3.1 Airborne infection isolation exam/treatment anteroom
		1224.4.4.2 Administrative center(s) or nurse station(s)
		1224.4.4.3 Specimen and blood collection facilities
		1224.4.4.3.1 Specimen collection facilities
		1224.4.4.3.2 Blood collection facilities
		1224.4.4.4 Medication station
		1224.4.4.4.1 Medication preparation room
		1224.4.4.4.2 Self-contained medication dispensing unit
		1224.4.4.5 Nourishment area or room
		1224.4.4.6 Clean utility/workroom
		1224.4.4.6.1 Clean supply room
		1224.4.4.7 Soiled utility/workroom
		1224.4.4.7.1 Soiled holding room
		1224.4.5 Outpatient waiting rooms
		1224.4.5.1 Outpatient access
_		1224.4.6 Miscellaneous requirements
		1224.4.6.1 Station outlets
		1224.4.6.2 Gas and vacuum systems
		1224.4.6.3 Hyperbaric facilities
		1224.4.6.4 Laboratories
		1224.4.6.5 Nurse call systems





# Mandatory, Prescriptive, Performance



**Mandatory Measures:** Cannot be traded via the Performance Approach. Not typically documented within Certificate of Compliance (CF1R/NRCC)



- Must always be met/installed
- Establish minimum level of energy efficiency and/or performance
- Apply to various building components
- Sometimes are superseded by more stringent prescriptive or performance requirements



**Prescriptive Approach:** Each building feature to show compliance independently



- Set of predefined efficiency requirements that must ALL be met or exceeded
- · Applies to various building components
- · Simplest approach, but less flexible
- Establishes baseline for Standard building/budget under Performance Approach



**Performance Approach:** Proposed TDV equal or better than baseline TDV



- Requires the use of Energy Commission approved software
- Most flexible approach, allows for trade-offs
- Proposed energy budget ≤ Standard energy budget







# Challenges



- Challenge A:
  - ♦ Navigating Title 24 Part 6



- Challenge B:
  - How Energy Code Applies to Healthcare



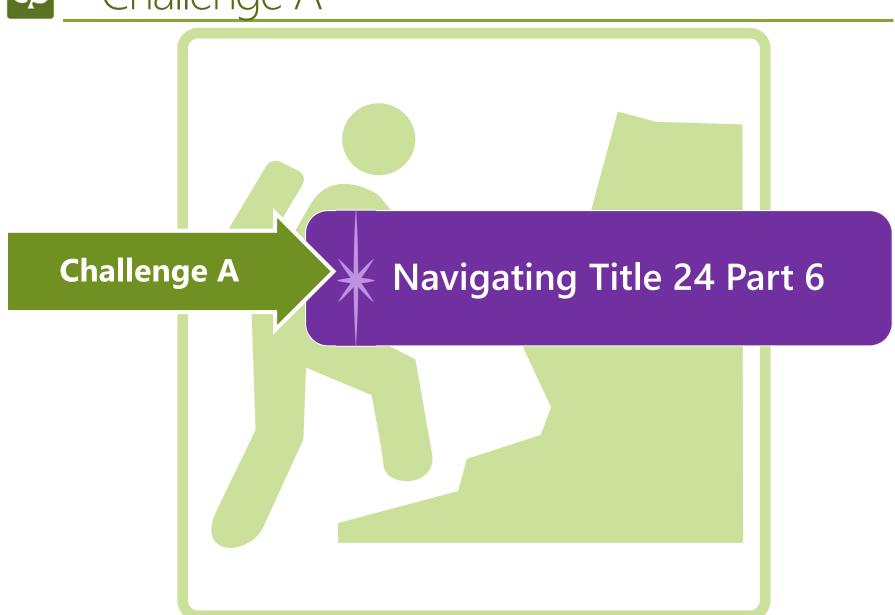
- Challenge C:
  - Determining Best Pathway to Compliance



- Challenge D:
  - Documenting Compliance



# Challenge A





### Road Map to Se

# Subchapter

#### Section #

• (a)(b)(c): Code Category

• 1,2,3: Building/Design Feature

• A,B,C: Feature Specifics

• i,ii,iii: Sub-category to specifics

• a,b,c: Detailed information

Exceptions: Exceptions and/or Alternatives

Tables: Summary and/or Alternative Summary

### SECTION 140.3 – PRESCRIPTIVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BUILDING ENVELOPES Subchapter 5

A <u>building</u> complies with this section by being designed with and having constructed to meet all prescriptive requirements in Subsection (a) and the requirements of Subsection (c) where they apply.

#### (a) Envelope Component Requirements



- Exterior roofs and ceilings. Exterior roofs and ceilings shall comply with each of the applicable requirements in this subsection:
  - A. Roofing Products. Shall meet the requirements of <u>Section 110.8</u> and the applicable requirements of Subsections i through ii:
    - Nonresidential buildings:
      - a. Low-sloped roofs in Climate Zones 1 through 16 shall have:
        - A minimum aged solar reflectance of 0.63 and a minimum thermal emittance of 0.75; or
        - 2. A minimum Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) of 75.

EXCEPTION 1 to Section 140.3(a)1Aia: Wood-framed roofs in Climate Zones 3 and 5 are exempt from the requirements of Section 140.3(a)1Aia if the roof assembly has a U-factor of 0.034 or lower.

EXCEPTION 2 to Section 140.3(a)1Aia: Roof constructions that have thermal mass with a weight of at least 25 lb./ft² over the roof membrane are exempt from the requirements of Section 140.3(a)1Aia.

EXCEPTION 3 to SECTION 140.3(a)1Aia: An aged solar reflectance less than 0.63 is allowed provided the maximum roof/ceiling U-factor in TABLE 140.3 is not exceeded.

- Steep-sloped roofs in Climate Zones 1 through 16 shall have a minimum aged solar reflectance of 0.20 and a minimum thermal emittance of 0.75, or a minimum SRI of 16.
- ii. High-rise residential buildings and hotels and motels:
  - a. Low-sloped roofs in Climate Zones 9, 10, 11, 13, 14 and 15 shall have a minimum aged solar reflectance of 0.55 and a minimum thermal emittance of 0.75, or a minimum SRI of 64.

EXCEPTION to Section 140.3(a)1Aiia: Roof constructions that have thermal mass with a weight of at least 25 lb./ft² over the roof membrane.

b. Steep-sloped roofs in Climate Zones 2 through 15 shall have a minimum aged solar reflectance of 0.20 and a minimum thermal emittance of 0.75, or a minimum SRI of 16.

TABLE 140.3 Roof/Ceiling Insulation Tradeoff For Aged Solar Reflectance

Nonresidential				
Aged Solar Reflectance	Metal <u>Building</u> Climate Zone 1-16 U-factor	Wood framed and Other Climate Zone 6 &7 U-factor	Wood Framed and Other All Other <u>Climate</u> <u>Zones</u> U-factor	
0.62-0.56	0.038	0.045	0.032	
0.55-0.48	0.035	0.042	0.030	
0.45-0.36 0.033		0.039	0.029	
0.35-0.25 0.031		0.037	0.028	



### Exceptions



### **Keep Reading**

- Exceptions
  - Typically found at the END of the applicable section and read through them ALL before deciding your course of action.

#### 130.1(b) Multi-Level Lighting Controls.

The <u>general lighting</u> of any enclosed area 100 square feet or larger with a connected <u>lighting</u> load that exceeds 0.5 watts per square foot shall provide multi-level <u>lighting controls</u> that allow the level of lighting to be adjusted up and down. The multi-level controls shall provide the number of control steps and meet the uniformity requirements specified in TABLE 130.1-A.

**EXCEPTION 1 to Section 130.1(b):** An area enclosed by <u>ceiling</u> height partitions that has only one <u>luminaire</u> with no more than two lamps.

**EXCEPTION 2 to Section 130.1(b):** Restrooms.

**EXCEPTION 3 to Section 130.1(b):** Healthcare facilities.



### What's Not Mentioned



### **Each Word Counts**

If it is not mentioned, it is not required

#### SECTION 120.8 - NONRESIDENTIAL BUILDING COMMISSIONING

Nonresidential buildings other than <u>healthcare facilities</u> with <u>conditioned space</u> of 10,000 square feet or more shall comply with the applicable requirements of Sections 120.8(a) through 120.8(i) in the <u>building</u> design and construction processes. All building systems and components covered by <u>Sections 110.0, 120.0, 130.0,</u> and <u>140.0</u> shall be included in the scope of the commissioning requirements in this Section, excluding those related solely to covered processes.

Nonresidential buildings other than healthcare facilities, with conditioned space of less than 10,000 square feet, shall comply with the <u>design review</u> requirements specified in <u>Section 120.8(d)</u> and shall include any measures or requirements necessary for completing this review in the construction documents in a manner consistent with Section 120.8(e).

Healthcare facilities shall instead comply with the applicable requirements of Chapter 7 of the California Administrative Code (<u>Title 24</u>, <u>Part 1</u>).

# Not Hotel/mote<sup>™</sup> Not High-Rise Residential



# Importance of Tables



### Go To The End

The Tables are typically at the end of the subsection, are so important to understanding how code applies (when they are provided).

Type of Power Allowance	Lighting Zone 0 <sup>3</sup>	Lighting Zone 1 <sup>3</sup>	Lighting Zone 2 <sup>3</sup>		Lighting Zone 3 <sup>3</sup>		Lighting Zone 4 <sup>3</sup>
	Asphalt/ Concrete	Asphalt/ Concrete	Asphalt	Concrete <sup>2</sup>	Asphalt	Concrete <sup>2</sup>	Asphalt/ Concrete
Area Wattage Allowance (AWA)	No allowance <sup>1</sup>	0.018 W/ft²	0.023 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.025 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.025 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.03 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.03 W/ft²
Linear Wattage Allowance (LWA)		0.15 W/lf	0.17 W/lf	0.4 W/lf	0.25 W/lf	0.4 W/lf	0.35 W/lf
Initial Wattage Allowance (IWA)		180 W	250W	250W	350W	350W	400W

<sup>1</sup>Continuous lighting is explicitly prohibited in Lighting Zone 0. A single <u>luminaire</u> of 15 Watts or less may be installed at an entrance to a parking area, trail head, fee payment kiosk, outhouse, or toilet facility, as required to provide safe navigation of the site infrastructure. Luminaires installed shall meet the maximum zonal lumen limits as specified in Section 130.2(b).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Where greater than 50% of the paved surface of a <u>parking lot</u> is finished with concrete. This does not extend beyond the parking lot, and does not include any other General Hardscape areas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Narrow band spectrum <u>light</u> sources with a dominant peak wavelength greater than 580 nm – as mandated by local, state, or federal agencies to minimize the impact on local, active professional astronomy or nocturnal habitat of specific local fauna – shall be allowed a 2.0 lighting power allowance multiplier.



### Title 24, Part 1



### **Article 1**

- → Administrative Code
  - Energy Commission
     version includes BOTH
     Title 24 Part 1 and 6
  - Building Standards
     Commission version
     includes Article 1 in
     Chapter 10



# Road Map to Article 1

### Article 1: Building Energy Regulations

Admin	istrative Regulations, California Code of Regulations Title 24 Part 1
10-101	SCOPE
10-102	DEFINITIONS
10-103	PERMIT, CERTIFICATE, INFORMATIONAL, AND ENFORCEMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR DESIGNERS, INSTALLERS, BUILDERS, MANUFACTURERS, AND SUPPLIERS
10-104	EXCEPTIONAL DESIGNS
10-105	ENFORCEMENT BY THE COMMISSION
10-106	LOCALLY ADOPTED ENERGY STANDARDS TT2
10-107	INTERPRETATIONS
10-108	EXEMPTION
10-109	COMPLIANCE SOFTWARE, ALTERNATIVE COMPONENT PACKAGES, EXCEPTIONAL METHODS, DATA REGISTRIES AND RELATED DATA INPUT SOFTWARE, ALTERNATIVE RESIDENTIAL FIELD VERIFICATION PROTOCOLS, AND ELECTRONIC DOCUMENT REPOSITORIES
10-110	PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTIONS 10-104, 10-106, 10-108, 10-109
10-111	CERTIFICATION AND LABELING OF FENESTRATION PRODUCT U-FACTORS, SOLAR HEAT GAIN COEFFICIENTS, VISIBLE TRANSMITTANCE AND AIR LEAKAGE
10-112	CRITERIA FOR DEFAULT TABLES
10-113	CERTIFICATION AND LABELING OF ROOFING PRODUCT REFLECTANCE AND EMITTANCE
10-114	DETERMINATION OF OUTDOOR LIGHTING ZONES AND ADMINISTRATIVE RULES FOR USE

29



### Title 24, Part 1: Article 1

### Demographics

 Overview of how the Energy Code is to be documented, enforced, and the methods behind certification (i.e. NFRC, CRRC)

### **Tourist Traps**

This is not a place to find design requirements for buildings.

### Hidden Gems

- 10-103: Understanding the documentation requirements for the Energy Code when submitting to OSHPD
- 10-106: How REACH codes come to be
- 10-111: What the NFRC certification requirements are for fenestration



### Article 1: Example

**Section 10-103** 

PERMIT, CERTIFICATE, INFORMATIONAL, AND ENFORCEMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR DESIGNERS, INSTALLERS, BUILDERS, MANUFACTURERS, AND SUPPLIERS



#### (a) Documentation

For all buildings other than healthcare facilities, the following documentation is required to demonstrate compliance with Part 6. This documentation shall meet the requirements of Section 10-103(a)1 or alternatives approved by the Executive Director. Healthcare facilities shall instead comply with the applicable provisions of Chapter 7.

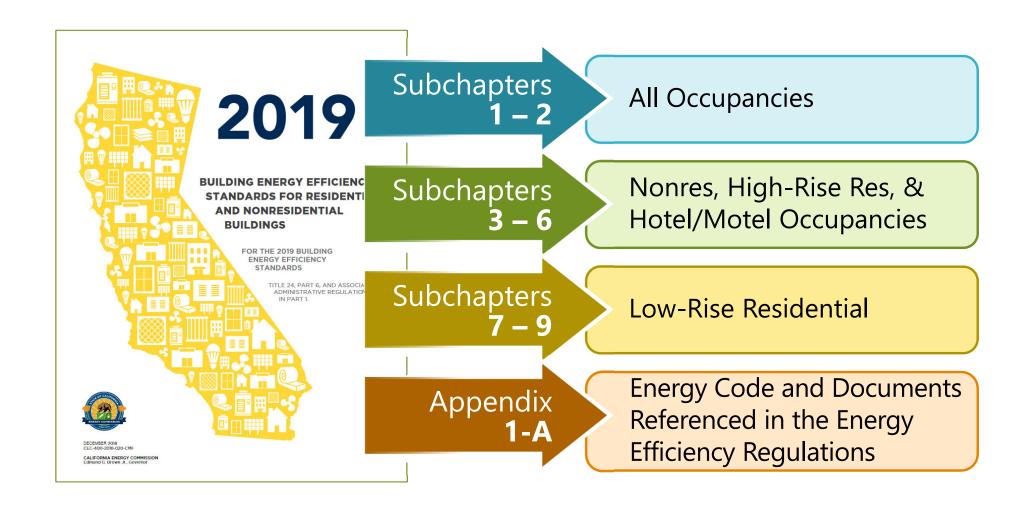
- 1. Certificate of Compliance
  - A. Format
  - **B.** HERS registration
  - C. Residential Alterations
  - **D.** Nonresidential Data Registry (when approved)
- 2. Application for a building permit
- 3. Certificate of Installation
- 4. Certificate of Acceptance
- 5. Certificate of Verification

(b)...

# OSHPD has adopted the NRCC, NRCI and applicable NRCA forms



# Structure/Organization of the Energy Code





# Road Map to Subchapter 1

### SUBCHAPTER 1: ALL OCCUPANCIES



GENER	GENERAL PROVISIONS		
100.0 SCOPE			
100.1	1 DEFINITIONS AND RULES OF CONSTRUCTION		
100.2	CALCULATION OF TIME DEPENDENT VALUATION (TDV) ENERGY		



# Subchapter 1: Example

Section 100.0

**SCOPE** 



#### (a) Buildings Covered.

The provisions of Part 6 apply to all buildings:

- 1. That are of Occupancy Group A, B, E, F, H, I M, R, S, or U; and
- 2. For which an application for a <u>building permit</u> or renewal of an existing permit is filed (or is required by law to be filed) on or after the effective date of the provisions, or which are constructed by a <u>governmental</u> <u>agency</u>; and
- 3. That are:
  - A. Unconditioned; or
  - B. Indirectly or directly conditioned or process spaces.

**EXCEPTION 1 to Section 100.0(a)** 

**EXCEPTION 2 to Section 100.0(a)** 

**EXCEPTION 3 to Section 100.0(a)**: Buildings in Occupancy Group I-3 and I-4.



# Road Map to Subchapter 2

### SUBCHAPTER 2: ALL OCCUPANCIES

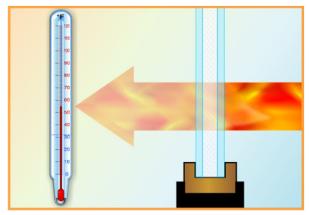
### MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE MANUFACTURE, CONSTRUCTION AND INSTALLATION OF SYSTEMS, EQUIPMENT AND BUILDING COMPONENTS

110.0	SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT—GENERAL
110.1	MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLIANCES
110.2	MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR SPACE-CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT
110.3	MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR SERVICE WATER-HEATING SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT
110.4	MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR POOL AND SPA SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT
110.5	NATURAL GAS CENTRAL FURNACES, COOKING EQUIPMENT, AND POOL AND SPA HEATERS: PILOT LIGHTS PROHIBITED
110.6	MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR FENESTRATION PRODUCTS AND EXTERIOR DOORS
110.7	MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS TO LIMIT AIR LEAKAGE
110.8	MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR INSULATION, ROOFING PRODUCTS AND RADIANT BARRIERS
110.9	MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES AND SYSTEMS, BALLASTS, AND LUMINAIRES
110.10	MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR SOLAR READY BUILDINGS
110.11	MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL POWER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM



## Fenestration U-factor and SHGC

§110.6(a)



NFRC rating or
Table 110.6-A

MUST be used if
building has

NEW ≥ 200 ft²

of <u>new</u> site-built fenestration.

# U-factors and SHGC can be used from the following three sources:

- NFRC-rated fenestration products or NFRC label certificate
  - CMA (Component Modeling Approach)
  - Developed by NFRC for nonresidential fenestration
- **2. Table 110.6-A:** Default Fenestration Product U-factors
- 3. **Equation NA6-1:** Alternate Default U-factor Calculation from Nonresidential Appendix NA6

Converts a center-of-glass U-factor to an overall fenestration U-factor for site-built fenestration



# Subchapter 2: Example

#### Section 110.6

MANDATORY
REQUIREMENTS
FOR
FENESTRATION
PRODUCTS
AND
EXTERIOR
DOORS

#### TABLE 110.6-A DEFAULT FENESTRATION PRODUCT U-FACTORS

FRAME	PRODUCT TYPE	SINGLE PANE 3, 4 U-FACTOR	DOUBLE PANE <sup>1, 3, 4</sup> U-FACTOR	GLASS BLOCK <sup>2,3</sup> U-FACTOR
	Operable	1.28	0.79	0.87
	Fixed	1.19	0.71	0.72
Metal	Greenhouse/garden window	2.26	1.40	N.A.
	Glazed Doors	1.25	0.77	N.A.
	Skylight	1.98	1.30	N.A.
	Operable	N.A.	0.66	N.A.
	Fixed	N.A.	0.55	N.A.
Metal, Thermal Break	Greenhouse/garden window	N.A.	1.12	N.A.
	Glazed Doors	N.A.	0.59	N.A.
	Skylight	N.A.	1.11	N.A.
	Operable	0.99	0.58	0.60
	Fixed	1.04	0.55	0.57
Nonmetal	Glazed Doors	0.99	0.53	N.A.
	Greenhouse/garden windows	1.94	1.06	N.A.
	Skylight	1.47	0.84	N.A.

For all dual-glazed fenestration products, adjust the listed U-factors as follows:

a. Add 0.05 for products with dividers between panes if spacer is less than 7/16 inch wide.

b. Add 0.05 to any product with true divided lite (dividers through the panes).

<sup>2.</sup> Translucent or transparent panels shall use glass block values when not rated by NFRC 100.

Visible Transmittance (VT) shall be calculated by using Reference Appendix NA6.

<sup>4.</sup> Windows with window film applied that is not rated by NFRC 100 shall use the default values from this table.



# NFRC CMAST Certificate Example



#### NATIONAL FENESTRATION RATING COUNCIL LABEL CERTIFICATE

ABEL CERTIFICATE ID: P  WERC CERTIFIED PRODUCT RA  This is to be completed by an NFF  Specifying Authority and calculated  PROJECT LOCATION:  Address: 1751 Carroll Ave.  City: San Francisco  Contct person: Jason Govette  Phone: 408-778-7786 IP  Project name (optional): 1751 Carrol	TING INFORM C Approved C d in accordanc State: CA	MATION:* Palculation Entity (A e with NFRC proce	edures.	
his is to be completed by an NFF pecifying Authority and calculated ROJECT LOCATION: ddress: 1751 Carroll Ave. lity: San Francisco ontct person: Jason Govette hone: 408-778-7786	C Approved C d in accordanc State: <u>CA</u>	alculation Entity (A e with NFRC proce	edures.	
ddress:         1751 Carroll Ave.           ity:         San Francisco           ontct person:         Jason Goyette           hone:         408-778-7786			Zip Code:	94124
ity: San Francisco ontct person: Jason Govette hone: 408-778-7786			Zip Code:	94124
ontct person: <u>Jason Goyette</u> hone: <u>408-778-7786</u>			Zip Code:	94124
hone: 408-778-7786	acsimile: 408			
	acsimile: 408			
roject name (optional): 1751 Carre	accimile. Total	778-8203	Email:	jgoyette@siliconvalleyglass.com
	oll Ave			
DENTIFICATION OF SPECIFYIN	G AUTHORIT	Y:		
company name: Silicon Valley Glas	s		ID:	SVA
ddress: 220 Vineyard Ct, Ste 200				
city: Morgan Hill			Zip Code:	95037
				Estimator
hone: 408-778-7786	aceimilar		- Email:	dflaming@siliconvallevolass.com
ddress: 1721 Arroyo Drive			Zin Code:	95603
Contct person: Ken Nittler			Title:	-
Phone: 530-885-9891				
	acomme.			TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL
DENTIFICATION NAME OF INS	PECTION AGI	ENCY (IA):		
Company name: Not Required			ID:	
Address:				
City:	State:		Zip Code:	
Contct person:			Title:	
			Email:	



#### NATIONAL FENESTRATION RATING COUNCIL LABEL CERTIFICATE

#### PRODUCT LISTING



#### FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Issuance Date: 6/12/2014

CERTIFIED Boxformones

LABEL CERTIFICATE ID: PJ-SVA-3080

#### NFRC CERTIFIED PRODUCT RATING INFORMATION: \*

This is to be completed by an NFRC Approved Calculation Entity (ACE), based on information provided by the Specifying Authority and calculated in accordance with NFRC procedures.

#### PRODUCT LISTING:

						NERC Star	
						Size	
CPD ID	Product Name	Framing Ref Glazing Ref	er Ref	Total Area	U-factor**	SHGC**	VT^*
		Fenestration		ft²	Btu/ hr- ft*-*F	-	-
Metal - Curtain v	vall/5	Performance		6600.44			
P-KAW-27290	Trifa Wir	remonitance	91	6600.44	0.42	D.36	0.62
	1/2" Air, 1/4" Clear, 0.946 OA						

#### FRAME, GLAZING and SPACER ASSEMBLIES

#### FRAMING LISTING:

Framing Ref	Supplier ID	Product Type	Frame Material	Description
FA-KAW- 35456	KAW	Glazed Wall System	AT	Trifab VG 451T TB Front Glazed - Window Wall

#### GLAZING LISTING:

Glazing Ref	Supplier ID	# Layers	Low-e	Gap Fill	Description
GA-PPG-9406	PPG	2	Υ	Air	1/4" Solarban60, 1/2" Air, 1/4" Clear, 0.946" OA

#### SPACER LISTING:

Spacer Ref	Supplier ID	Sealant Config.	Spacer Material	Description
SA-NFC-2791	NFC	N/A	Not Applicable	Generic Aluminum, Group 1, Path I

Note: For NFRC-approved frame, glazing and spacer component performance information see the NFRC Approved Component Library Database: <a href="http://cmast.nfrc.org/Project/CertificateFind.aspx">http://cmast.nfrc.org/Project/CertificateFind.aspx</a>
"Certification information provided is for those fenestration systems listed and may not encompass all systems for the

project.
•• Each individual product certified performance rating is based on NFRC standard size in accordance with NFRC



#### FOR CODE COMPLIANCE



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Page 2 of 2



# Title 20 Appliance Standards





CEC Title 20 Certification P

CEC Modernized Appliance
Title 20 Inquiries: appliance



# Title 20 Appliance Efficiency Regulations Frequently Asked Questions

#### How do you determine whether or not a product is covered by Title 20 standards?

Refer to sections 1601 (scope) and 1602 (definitions) of the Title 20 Appliance Efficiency Regulations for information on covered products and their relevant definitions. If you are still unsure if a specific product is covered, you may contact the Energy Commission at appliances@energy ca.gov.

#### What is the California Energy Commission's (CEC) Appliance Efficiency Database?

The CEC maintains a publicly-accessible database which includes lists of regulated appliances and equipment (including maunfacture; brand, and mode identification) that have been certified by manufacturers and third-parties. A regulated product cannot be offered for sale in California if it is not listed in this database

https://cacertappliances.energy.ca.gov/Pages/Appliance Search.aspx

#### If a product is listed in the CEC Appliance Efficiency Database, is it automatically in the Federal appliance database?

The Department of Energy (DOE) maintains its own publicly-accessible dalabase for compliance certification of appliances and equipment regulated under DOE energy conservation standards called the Compliance Certification Management System (CCMS). Manufactures and third-parties whose appliance-sequipment are regulated under both Title 20 and federal standards must certify to both the CEC Appliance Efficiency Database and the DOE COMS. Laboratories must regulations. doe gov/ccms

#### What does the compliance certification process involve?

Certifying to the Energy Commission involves testing the model and submitting certification forms according to specific procedures and requirements outlined in CEC certification packets categorized by product. Certification packets can be found here. energy.ca.goviappliances/database/forms\_instructions\_cert

#### What are the consequences of not certifying to the Energy Commission?

Section 1609 of Title 20 contains information on Title 20 enforcement provisions. Parties found in violation of Title 20 may be subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per unit found in violation and per violation type.

### Does the Energy Commission have preference for third-party certifications over direct manufacturer certifications?

While CEC requires that certifiers follow the instructions depending on which certification process they choose, it does prefer that certification is submitted by the entity responsible for implementing the warranty of the device.

### How do I know at which laboratories I can test my appliance or equipment? Does the Energy Commission have a preference?

CEC requires all testing to be conducted at CEC-approved laboratories, which differs from the DOE test laboratory requirement in that it restricts the testing to a list of pre-approved laboratories. This list of approved laboratories can be found in the MAEDBS company search:

https://cacertappliances.energy.ca.gov/Pages/CompanyInfo/CompanyList.aspx

#### How can my own test laboratory be approved by the CEC?

Laboratories must create a company account in MAEDBS in order to access the laboratory application. Once the account request is approved by the Energy Commission, the laboratory must submit the laboratory application in order to be listed in MAEDBS as an approved entity to test appliance data under specific test methods.

The MAEDBS portal is found here: https://cacertappliances.energy.ca.gov/Login.aspx

#### How much time should we allow for the certification approval process?

Allow up to 30 days for a response from the Energy Commission. If the submittal contains errors, approval may take longer until issues are resolved.









8 2017 Point: Case and Clearin: Company, San Diago, San and Electric, Southern Culferinia San Company and Southern Culferinia Educe. All sights reserved, except that this document by its used, copies and distributed willowed model above. All sights reserved, except that this document may be used, copies and distributed willowing, speared or lights clear that the same part of th





# Road Map to Subchapter 3

### SUBCHAPTER 3: Nonresidential Occupancies\*

#### **MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS** 120.0 **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VENTILATION** 120.1 120.2 REQUIRED CONTROLS FOR SPACE-CONDITIONING SYSTEMS 120.3 REQUIREMENTS FOR PIPE INSULATION REQUIREMENTS FOR AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM DUCTS AND PLENUMS 120.4 120.5 REQUIRED NONRESIDENTIAL MECHANICAL SYSTEM ACCEPTANCE 120.6 MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR COVERED PROCESSES 120.7 MANDATORY INSULATION REQUIREMENTS 120.8 NONRESIDENTIAL BUILDING COMMISSIONING 120.9 MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMERCIAL BOILERS



# Subchapter 3: Example

#### Section 120.7

# MANDATORY INSULATION REQUIREMENTS

# **DEMISING PARTITION** is a wall, fenestration, floor, or ceiling that separates conditioned space from enclosed unconditioned space.



#### (b) Wall Insulation.

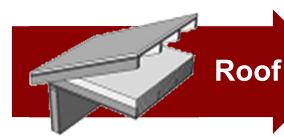
The opaque portions of walls that separate conditioned spaces from unconditioned spaces or ambient air shall meet the applicable requirements of Items 1 through 7 below:

- 1. <u>Metal Building</u>- The weighted average <u>U-factor</u> of the wall assembly shall not exceed 0.113.
- 2. **Metal Framed-** The weighted average U-factor of the wall assembly shall not exceed 0.151.
- 3. <u>Light</u> Mass Walls- A 6 inch or greater Hollow Core Concrete Masonry Unit shall have a U-factor not to exceed 0.440.
- 4. **Heavy Mass Walls-** An 8 inch or greater Hollow Core Concrete Masonry Unit shall have a U-factor not to exceed 0.690.
- 5. **Wood Framed and Others-** The weighted average U-factor of the wall assembly shall not exceed 0.110.
- 6. **Spandrel Panels and Curtain Wall-** The weighted average U-factor of the <u>spandrel</u> panels and curtain wall assembly shall not exceed 0.280.
- 7. **Demising Walls-**. The opaque portions of framed demising walls shall meet the requirements of Item A or B below:
  - A. Wood framed walls shall be insulated to meet a U-factor not greater than 0.099.
  - B. Metal Framed walls shall be insulated to meet a U-factor not greater than 0.151.



# Envelope: New Construction





Metal building:

U-factor = 0.098 (standing seam≈R-19)

Wood framed/other: U-factor = 0.075 (metal framed  $\approx R-25$ )



Metal building: U-factor = 0.113 (single layer  $\approx R-13$ )

Metal framed: U-factor = 0.151 (6" wall  $\approx R-19+R-2$ )

Light mass: U-factor = 0.440 (10" no insulation)

Heavy mass: U-factor =  $0.690 (6" \text{ w/4" mtl} \approx \text{R-0})$ 

Wood framed/other: U-factor = 0.110 (4" ≈R-11)

Spandrel/curtain wall: U-factor = 0.280 (dual w/thermal brk)

Wood demising: U-factor = 0.099 (4" 16 OC  $\approx$ R-15)

Metal demising: U-factor = 0.151 (6" wall  $\approx R-19+R-2$ )



Raised mass: U-factor = 0.269 (no insulation)

Other: U-factor =  $0.071 \pmod{6^n \approx R-11}$ 

Heated slab: Insulated per Table 110.8-A



# Road Map to Subchapter 4

### SUBCHAPTER 4: Nonresidential Occupancies\*

# MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR LIGHTING SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT, AND ELECTRICAL POWER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

130.0	GENERAL
130.1	MANDATORY INDOOR LIGHTING CONTROLS
130.2	OUTDOOR LIGHTING CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT
130.3	SIGN LIGHTING CONTROLS
130.4	LIGHTING CONTROL ACCEPTANCE AND INSTALLATION CERTIFICATE REQUIREMENTS
130.5	ELECTRICAL POWER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS



# Subchapter 4: Example

#### Section 130.2

OUTDOOR LIGHTING CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT



• • •

#### (b) Luminaire Cutoff Requirements.

All outdoor luminaires of 6,200 initial <u>luminaire</u> lumens or greater shall comply with Backlight, Uplight, and Glare (collectively referred to as "BUG" in accordance with <u>IES TM-15-11</u>, Addendum A) requirements as follows:

1. Maximum zonal lumens for Backlight, Uplight, and Glare shall be in accordance with Title 24, Part 11, Section 5.106.8.

**EXCEPTION 1 to Section 130.2(b): Signs.** 

**EXCEPTION 2 to Section 130.2(b):** <u>Lighting</u> for <u>building</u> facades, <u>public monuments</u>, statues, and vertical surfaces of bridges.

**EXCEPTION 3 to Section 130.2(b):** Lighting not permitted by a health or life safety statute, ordinance, or regulation to be a cutoff luminaire.

**EXCEPTION 4 to Section 130.2(b):** Temporary <u>outdoor lighting</u>.

**EXCEPTION 5 to Section 130.2(b):** Replacement of existing pole mounted luminaires ...

**EXCEPTION 6 to Section 130.2(b):** Luminaires that illuminate the public right of way on publicly maintained roadways, sidewalks, and bikeways.

**EXCEPTION 7 to Section 130.2(b):** Outdoor lighting attached to a high-rise residential or <a href="https://example.com/hotel/motel">hotel/motel</a> building and separately controlled from the inside of a <a href="https://example.com/dwelling-unit">dwelling unit</a> or guest room.



# Road Map to Subchapter 5

SUBCHAPTER 5: Nonresidential Occupancies\*



# PERFORMANCE AND PRESCRIPTIVE COMPLIANCE APPROACHES FOR ACHIEVING ENERGY EFFICIENCY

140.0	PERFORMANCE AND PRESCRIPTIVE COMPLIANCE APPROACHES
140.1	PERFORMANCE APPROACH: ENERGY BUDGETS
140.2	PRESCRIPTIVE APPROACH
140.3	PRESCRIPTIVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BUILDING ENVELOPES
140.4	PRESCRIPTIVE REQUIREMENTS FOR SPACE CONDITIONING SYSTEMS
140.5	PRESCRIPTIVE REQUIREMENTS FOR SERVICE WATER HEATING SYSTEMS
140.6	PRESCRIPTIVE REQUIREMENTS FOR INDOOR LIGHTING
140.7	REQUIREMENTS FOR OUTDOOR LIGHTING
140.8	REQUIREMENTS FOR SIGNS
140.9	PRESCRIPTIVE REQUIREMENTS FOR COVERED PROCESSES



# Subchapter 5: Example

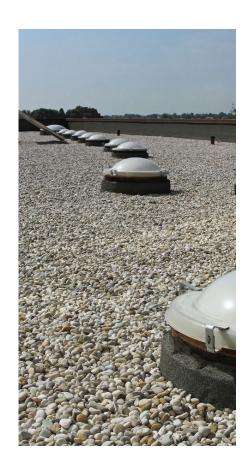
TABLE 140.3-B – PRESCRIPTIVE ENVELOPE CRITERIA FOR NONRESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS (INCLUDING RELOCATABLE PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDINGS WHERE MANUFACTURER CERTIFIES USE ONLY IN SPECIFIC CLIMATE ZONE: NOT INCLUDING HIGH-RISE RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS AND GUEST ROOMS OF HOTEL/MOTEL BUILDINGS)

			Į.								Clim	ate Zone	4	er.					
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		Roofs/ Ceilings	Metal Building	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041
			Wood Framed and Other	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.049	0.049	0.049	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034
			Metal Building	0.113	0.061	0.113	0.061	0.061	0.113	0.113	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.057	0.061
	Maximum		Metal-framed	0.069	0.062	0.082	0.062	0.062	0.069	0.069	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062
	U-factor	Walls	Mass Light1	0.196	0.170	0.278	0.227	0.440	0.440	0.440	0.440	0.440	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170
			Mass Heavy1	0.253	0.650	0.650	0.650	0.650	0.690	0.690	0.690	0.690	0.650	0.184	0.253	0.211	0.184	0.184	0.160
	_		Wood-framed and Other	0.095	0.059	0.110	0.059	0.102	0.110	0.110	0.102	0.059	0.059	0.045	0.059	0.059	0.059	0.042	0.059
Envelope		Floors/	Raised Mass	0.092	0.092	0.269	0.269	0.269	0.269	0.269	0.269	0.269	0.269	0.092	0.092	0.092	0.092	0.092	0.058
		Soffits	Other	0.048	0.039	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.039	0.071	0.071	0.039	0.039	0.039
			Aged Solar Reflectance	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63
	Roofing	Low- sloped	Thermal Emittance	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
	Products	Steep-	Aged Solar Reflectance	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
		Sloped	Thermal Emittance	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
		А	ir Barrier	NR	REQ														
	Exte	erior Doors,	Non-Swing-ing	0.50	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	0.50
	Exterior Do Maximum U	mum U-facto	or Swinging	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70

CONTINUED: TABLE 140.3-B – PRESCRIPTIVE ENVELOPE CRITERIA FOR NONRESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS (INCLUDING RELOCATABLE PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDINGS WHERE MANUFACTURER CERTIFIES USE ONLY IN SPECIFIC CLIMATE ZONE; NOT INCLUDING HIGH-RISE RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS AND GUEST ROOMS OF HOTEL/MOTEL BUILDINGS)

						All Climate Zor	nes		
					Fixed Window	Operable Window	Curtainwall or Storefront	Glazed Doors <sup>2</sup>	
			Area-Weighted Performance Rating	Max U-factor	0.36	0.46	0.41	0.45	
		Vertical	Performance Rating	Max RSHGC	0.25	0.22	0.26	0.23	
	Vertical vertical services ver	Area-Weighted Performance Rating							
Envelope			Maximum WWR%			40%			
					Glass, Curb Mounted	Glass, Deck Mounted	Plastic, Curb Mounted	Tubular Daylighting Devices (TDDs)	
			Area-Weighted Performance Rating	Max U-factor	0.58	0.46	0.88	0.88	
		Skylights	Performance Rating	Max SHGC	0.25	0.25	NR	NR	
	Sinying its		Area-Weighted Performance Rating	Min VT (Min VT <sub>annual</sub> for TDDs)	0.49	0.49	0.64	0.38	
		Maximum SRR%			5%				

										Climat	e Zone						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
ofs/ ings	Metal Building	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041
Roc	Wood Framed and Other	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.049	0.049	0.049	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034



- ♦ Span Deck Example of U-factor = 0.034
  - 4" concrete ≈ R-25
     (5" R-5 polystyrene above roof deck)



										Climat	e Zone						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Metal Building	0.113	0.061	0.113	0.061	0.061	0.113	0.113	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.057	0.061
Walls	Metal-framed	0.069	0.062	0.082	0.062	0.062	0.069	0.069	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062
	Mass Light <sup>1</sup>	0.196	0.170	0.278	0.227	0.440	0.440	0.440	0.440	0.440	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170
	Mass Heavy <sup>1</sup>	0.253	0.650	0.650	0.650	0.650	0.690	0.690	0.690	0.690	0.650	0.184	0.253	0.211	0.184	0.184	0.160
	Wood-framed and Other	0.095	0.059	0.110	0.059	0.102	0.110	0.110	0.102	0.059	0.059	0.045	0.059	0.059	0.059	0.042	0.059



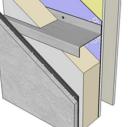
# ♦ Metal Framed Example of U-factor = 0.062

■ 2 x 4 16" OC: R-13 + R-11 (2" cellular polyisocyanurate)

■ 2 x 6 16" OC: R-19 + R-11 (2" cellular polyisocyanurate)

2 x 8 16" OC: R-25 + R-10 (2" extruded polystyrene)

Note: Z-clips will be considered framing if spaced 24" OC or less





			Climate Zone														
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Metal Building	0.113	0.061	0.113	0.061	0.061	0.113	0.113	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.057	0.061
	Metal-framed	0.069	0.062	0.082	0.062	0.062	0.069	0.069	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062
Valls	Mass Light <sup>1</sup>	0.196	0.170	0.278	0.227	0.440	0.440	0.440	0.440	0.440	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170
_	Mass Heavy <sup>1</sup>	0.253	0.650	0.650	0.650	0.650	0.690	0.690	0.690	0.690	0.650	0.184	0.253	0.211	0.184	0.184	0.160
	Wood-framed and Other	0.095	0.059	0.110	0.059	0.102	0.110	0.110	0.102	0.059	0.059	0.045	0.059	0.059	0.059	0.042	0.059



- ♦ Mass Example U-factor = 0.170
  - 6" concrete: 6" metal framed wall R-19
  - 6" concrete: 4" metal framed wall R-11+R-2.5 (1/2" extruded polystyrene)
  - 6" concrete: R-5 (1" extruded polystyrene)



# Road Map to Subchapter 6

### SUBCHAPTER 6: Nonresidential Occupancies\*



ADDIT	ADDITIONS, ALTERATIONS, AND REPAIRS						
141.0	ADDITIONS, ALTERATIONS, & REPAIRS TO EXISTING NONRESIDENTIAL, HIGH-RISE RESIDENTIAL, & HOTEL/MOTEL BUILDINGS, AND TO EXISTING OUTDOOR LIGHTING, AND TO INTERNALLY AND EXTERNALLY ILLUMINATED SIGNS						
141.1	REQUIREMENTS FOR COVERED PROCESSES IN ADDITIONS, ALTERATIONS TO EXISTING NONRESIDENTIAL, HIGH-RISE RESIDENTIAL, AND HOTEL/MOTEL BUILDINGS						



# Subchapter 6: Example

#### Section 141.0

ALTERATIONS, & REPAIRS
TO EXISTING
NONRESIDENTIAL, HIGHRISE RESIDENTIAL, &
HOTEL/MOTEL BUILDINGS,
AND TO EXISTING
OUTDOOR LIGHTING, AND
TO INTERNALLY AND
EXTERNALLY
ILLUMINATED SIGNS



Additions, alterations, and repairs to existing nonresidential, high-rise residential, and <a href="https://hotel.com/hotel/motel">hotel/motel</a> buildings, existing <a href="https://outloos.outloographies.com/hotel/motel">outloographies.com/hotel/motel</a> buildings, existing <a href="https://outloographies.com/hotel/mot

Covered <u>process</u> requirements for additions, alterations and repairs to existing nonresidential, high-rise residential, and hotel/motel buildings are specified in <u>Section 141.1</u>.

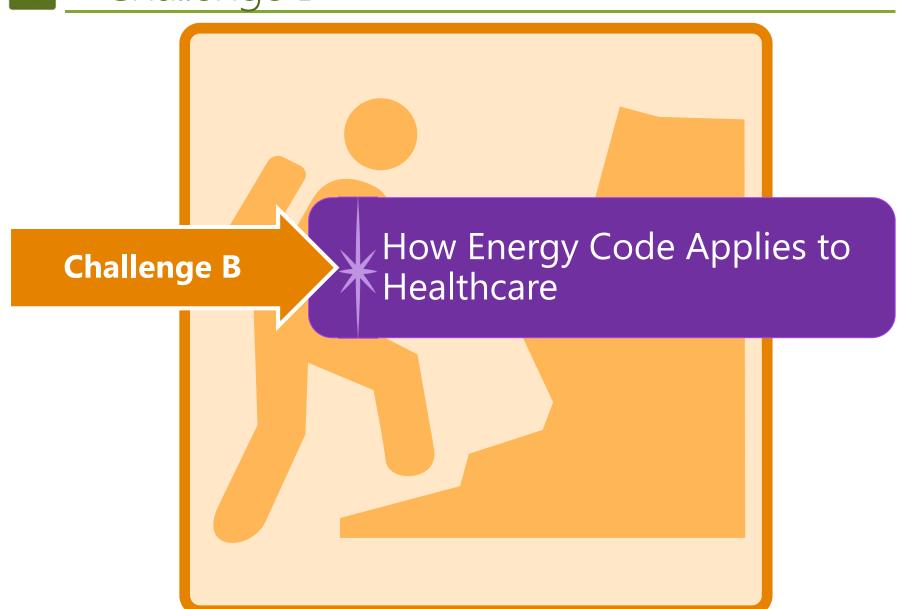
**EXCEPTION to Section 141.0:** Alterations to <u>healthcare facilities</u> are not required to comply with this Section.

NOTE: For alterations that change the <u>occupancy</u> classification of the building, the requirements specified in Section 141.0(b) apply to the occupancy after the alterations.

. .



# Challenge B





# Energy Code

# HEALTHCARE ROAD MAP TO TITLE 24, PART 6 1

#### ALL OCCUPANCIES:

Article 1 of Title 24, Part 1 (10-101 through 10-114) including documentation requirements of 10-103 which have been adopted by OSHPD

Building	Building		<b>S</b> Mandatory		R	<b>5</b>	R
Occupancies	Application	All Occupancy  Subchapter 1-2 (100.0-110.11)	Nonresidential Occupancy Subchapter 3 (120.0-120.9)	Nonresidential Lighting/ELP Subchapter 4 (130.0-130.5)	Prescriptive Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.9)	Performance Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.1)	Additions Alterations Subchapter 6 (141.0-141.1)
	General	100.0, 100.1-2, 110.0, 110.1 <sup>2</sup>	120.0	N.A.	140, 140.2		
	Envelope (conditioned)	110.6, 110.7, 110.8	120.7	N.A.	140.3		
	Envelope (uncond, process spaces)		N.A.		140.3(c)		
Nonresidential	HVAC (conditioned)	110.2, 110.5	<mark>120.1, 120.2*,</mark> 120.3, <mark>120.4,</mark> 120.5, 120.8	N.A.	<mark>140.4</mark> *	140.0, 140.1	<mark>141.0</mark> *
High-Rise	Water Heating	<mark>110.3</mark> *	120.3, <mark>120.8,</mark> 120.9	N.A.	140.5		
and	Indoor Lighting (conditioned, process spaces)	110.9. <mark>110.12</mark>	<mark>120.8</mark>	130.0, <mark>130.1</mark> *, 130.4	140.3(c), <b>140.6</b> *	<mark>5</mark> *	
Hotels/Motels	Indoor Lighting (uncond. & parking garages)	110.9, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	130.0, 130.1, <mark>130.4</mark>	140.3(c), <b>140.6</b> *		
Nonresidential High-Rise Residential, and Hotels/Motels	140.7	N.A.					
	Electrical Power Distribution	110.11, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	<mark>130.5</mark> *	N.A.		
	Pool and Spa Systems	110.4, 110.5	N.A.	Nonresidential   Cocupancy   Subchapter 3   Cocupancy   Subchapter 4   Cocupancy   Subchapter 4   Cocupancy   Subchapter 5   Cocupancy   Cocupancy			
	Solar Ready Buildings	<del>110.10</del>	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.1)  140.0, 140.1  N.A.  N.A.	141.0(a)
	Refrigerated Warehouse Commercial Refrigeration Parking Garage Process Boilers Compressed Air Elevators Escalators/Moving Walkways Computer Room Commercial Kitchens Lab and Factory Exhaust Systems	110.2	<mark>120.6</mark> *	N.A.	<del>140.9</del>	140.1	<mark>140.9</mark> , 141.1
Signs	Indoor and Outdoor	110.9	N.A.	130.0, <mark>130.3</mark>	140.8	N.A.	141.0, <mark>141.0(b)2H</mark>



# Title 24, Part 6: Subchapter 1 - Scope



# Demographics

- 100.0: Occupancy types covered
- Table 100.0-A: What parts of the building are regulated by what section
- 100.2: What is TDV and how it is used for performance compliance

### Hidden Gems

- 100.1: DEFINITIONS, this really is one of my favorites.
- Table 100.0-A, "map legend" to the standards



# Title 24, Part 6: Subchapter 2 – All Buildings

# Demographics

Applies to all building types

### Hidden Gems

- This defines how equipment and building features need to meet:
  - Title 20 Appliance Standards
  - Minimum HVAC efficiencies
  - Default fenestration values (can be used in performance but not prescriptive compliance documentation)
  - Demand response control requirements

### Exceptions

- There are areas Healthcare Occupancies do not have to worry about:
  - Service Water Heating §110.3
    - 110.3(a) Certification By Manufacturers
      - Healthcare occupancies to meet ASHRAE or CA Plumbing Code
    - ▶ 110.3(c) Installation
    - Outlet Temperature: Controls to meet CA Plumbing Code Section 613.0
    - Controls for hot water distribution systems: Healthcare occupancies are exempt to these requirements
  - Solar Ready §110.10
  - Demand Management §110.12



# Energy Code

# HEALTHCARE ROAD MAP TO TITLE 24, PART 6 1

#### ALL OCCUPANCIES:

Article 1 of Title 24, Part 1 (10-101 through 10-114) including documentation requirements of 10-103 which have been adopted by OSHPD

Building	Building		<b>S</b> Mandatory		R		R
Occupancies	Application	All Occupancy  Subchapter 1-2 (100.0-110.11)	Nonresidential Occupancy Subchapter 3 (120.0-120.9)	Nonresidential Lighting/ELP Subchapter 4 (130.0-130.5)	Prescriptive Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.9)	Performance Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.1)	Additions Alterations Subchapter 6 (141.0-141.1)
	General	100.0, 100.1-2, 110.0, 110.1 <sup>2</sup>	120.0	N.A.	140, 140.2		
	Envelope (conditioned)	110.6, 110.7, 110.8	120.7	N.A.	140.3		
	Envelope (uncond, process spaces)		N.A.		140.3(c)		
Nonresidential	HVAC (conditioned)	110.2, 110.5	<mark>120.1, 120.2*,</mark> 120.3, <mark>120.4,</mark> <del>120.5, 120.8</del>	N.A.	<mark>140.4</mark> *	140.0, 140.1	141.0*
High-Rise Residential,	Water Heating	110.3*	120.3, <mark>120.8,</mark> 120.9	N.A.	140.5		
and	Indoor Lighting (conditioned, process spaces)	110.9. <mark>110.12</mark>	<mark>120.8</mark>	130.0, <mark>130.1</mark> *, 130.4	140.3(c), <b>140.6</b> *		
Hotels/Motels	Indoor Lighting (uncond. & parking garages)	110.9, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	130.0, 130.1, <mark>130.4</mark>	140.3(c), <b>140.6</b> *		
	Outdoor Lighting	110.9, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	130.0, 130.2, <mark>130.4</mark>	140.7	N.A.	
(uncond. & parking go Outdoor Lighting	Electrical Power Distribution	110.11, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	130.5*	N.A.		
	Pool and Spa Systems	110.4, 110.5	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.		
	Solar Ready Buildings	110.10	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	141.0(a)
Covered Processes <sup>3</sup>	Refrigerated Warehouse Commercial Refrigeration Parking Garage Process Boilers Compressed Air Elevators Escalators/Moving Walkways Computer Room Commercial Kitchens Lab and Factory Exhaust Systems	110.2	120.6*	N.A.	140.9	140.1	140.9, 141.1
Signs	Indoor and Outdoor	110.9	N.A.	130.0, <mark>130.3</mark>	140.8	N.A.	141.0, <mark>141.0(b)2H</mark>



# Title 24, Part 6: Subchapter 3 - Mandatory



# Demographics

- Applies to *just* nonresidential occupancies (mostly)
- Don't forget about Covered
   Processes requirements in §120.6

### Hidden Gems

 Mandatory Note blocks should be developed using this information (or use Energy Code Ace Mandatory Note Block Resource)

### Exceptions

- The following is exempt for Healthcare Occupancies:
  - Ventilation §120.1 to meet CA
     Mechanical Code
  - Thermostat deadband requirements and demand shed controls §120.2(b) are not required and all the HVAC shut-off and reset control requirements of §120.2(e)
  - □ All HVAC air distribution requirements of §120.4
  - OSHPD field testing requirements apply instead of acceptance testing of §120.5
  - Compressed air requirements of §120.6(e) and the elevator requirements of §120.6(f)
  - Cx per §120.8 to use Chapter 7 of the CA Administrative Code (Title 24, Part 1).



# Note Blocks Tools



### → What they do:

- Dynamic pdf file helps to quickly identify Mandatory Measures for Nonresidential projects
- Keeps track of Mandatory Measures and acceptance testing, exceptions, code references, and user notes in one place
- Creates a printable custom list of measures for each project in just minutes





# Energy Code

### HEALTHCARE ROAD MAP TO TITLE 24, PART 6 1

#### ALL OCCUPANCIES:

Article 1 of Title 24, Part 1 (10-101 through 10-114) including documentation requirements of 10-103 which have been adopted by OSHPD

Building	Building		<b>S</b> Mandatory		R	<b>5</b>	Additions
Occupancies	Application	All Occupancy  Subchapter 1-2 (100.0-110.11)	Nonresidential Occupancy Subchapter 3 (120.0-120.9)	Nonresidential Lighting/ELP Subchapter 4 (130.0-130.5)	Prescriptive Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.9)	Performance Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.1)	Additions Alterations Subchapter 6 (141.0-141.1)
	General	100.0, 100.1-2, 110.0, 110.1 <sup>2</sup>	120.0	N.A.	140, 140.2		
	Envelope (conditioned)	110.6, 110.7, 110.8	120.7	N.A.	140.3		
	Envelope (uncond, process spaces)		N.A.		140.3(c)		
Nonresidential	HVAC (conditioned)	110.2, 110.5	<mark>120.1, 120.2*,</mark> 120.3, <mark>120.4,</mark> 120.5, 120.8	N.A.	<mark>140.4</mark> *	140.0, 140.1	<mark>141.0</mark> *
High-Rise Residential,	Water Heating	<mark>110.3</mark> *	120.3, <mark>120.8,</mark> 120.9	N.A.	140.5		
and Hotels/Motels	Indoor Lighting (conditioned, process spaces)	110.9. <mark>110.12</mark>	<mark>120.8</mark>	130.0, <mark>130.1</mark> *, 130.4	140.3(c), <b>140.6</b> *		
Hotels/Motels	Indoor Lighting (uncond. & parking garages)	110.9, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	130.0, 130.1, <mark>130.4</mark>	140.3(c), <b>140.6</b> *		
	Outdoor Lighting	110.9, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	130.0, 130.2, 130.4	140.7	N.A.	
	Electrical Power Distribution	All Occupancy  Subchapter 1-2 (100.0-110.11)  eral  elope (conditioned)  elope ond, process spaces)  AC ditioned)  er Heating  por Lighting ditioned, process spaces)  oor Lighting ond. & parking garages)  door Lighting trical Power Distribution  land Spa Systems r Ready Buildings r Ready Buildings igerated Warehouse umercial Refrigeration king Garage lators/Moving Walkways uputer-Room umercial Kitchens and Factory Exhaust Systems  All Occupancy Subchapter 1-2 (100.0-110.11) 100.0, 110.12 110.2, 110.5  110.9, 110.12 110.9, 110.12 110.12 110.12 110.2	N.A.	130.5*	N.A.		
	Pool and Spa Systems	110.4, 110.5	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	
	Solar Ready Buildings	<del>110.10</del>	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	IN.A.	141.0(a)
	Refrigerated Warehouse Commercial Refrigeration Parking Garage Process Boilers Compressed Air Elevators Escalators/Moving Walkways Computer Room Commercial Kitchens Lab and Factory Exhaust Systems	110.2	<mark>120.6</mark> *	N.A.	<del>140.9</del>	140.1	<mark>140.9</mark> , 141.1
Signs	Indoor and Outdoor	110.9	N.A.	130.0. <b>130.3</b>	140.8	N.A.	141.0, <mark>141.0(b)2H</mark>



# Title 24, Part 6: Subchapter 4 - Electrical



### Demographics

 Lighting AND Electrical requirements for nonresidential occupancies

### Hidden Gems

- Lighting Controls
  - Indoor
  - Outdoor
  - Signs
- Electrical power distribution requirements

### **Exceptions**

- The following is exempt for Healthcare Occupancies:
  - Indoor lighting:
    - Manual area controls of §130.1(a)2 do not have to be located within the room if risk to health & safety
    - Multi-level controls of §130.1(b)
    - ▶ Shut-OFF controls of §130.1(c)
  - Sign control requirements of §130.3(a)
  - OSHPD field testing requirements apply instead of §120.5
  - Electrical distribution metering, separation of load to meet CA Electrical Code; voltage drop permitted by CA Electrical Code §647.4/695.6/695.7; Circuit controls for 120-Volt outlets of §130.5(d)



# Energy Code

# HEALTHCARE ROAD MAP TO TITLE 24, PART 6 1

#### ALL OCCUPANCIES:

Article 1 of Title 24, Part 1 (10-101 through 10-114) including documentation requirements of 10-103 which have been adopted by OSHPD

Building	Building		<b>S</b> Mandatory		R	<b>5</b>	R
Occupancies	Application	All Occupancy  Subchapter 1-2 (100.0-110.11)	Nonresidential Occupancy Subchapter 3 (120.0-120.9)	Nonresidential Lighting/ELP Subchapter 4 (130.0-130.5)	Prescriptive Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.9)	Performance Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.1)	Additions Alterations Subchapter 6 (141.0-141.1)
	General	100.0, 100.1-2, 110.0, 110.1 <sup>2</sup>	120.0	N.A.	140, 140.2		
	Envelope (conditioned)	110.6, 110.7, 110.8	120.7	N.A.	140.3		
	Envelope (uncond, process spaces)		N.A.		140.3(c)		
Nonresidential	HVAC (conditioned)	110.2, 110.5	<mark>120.1, 120.2*,</mark> 120.3, <mark>120.4,</mark> 120.5, 120.8	N.A.	<mark>140.4</mark> *	140.0, 140.1	<mark>141.0</mark> *
High-Rise	Water Heating	<mark>110.3</mark> *	120.3, <mark>120.8,</mark> 120.9	N.A.	140.5		
and	Indoor Lighting (conditioned, process spaces)	110.9. <mark>110.12</mark>	<mark>120.8</mark>	130.0, <mark>130.1</mark> *, 130.4	140.3(c), <b>140.6</b> *		
Hotels/Motels	Indoor Lighting (uncond. & parking garages)	110.9, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	130.0, 130.1, <mark>130.4</mark>	140.3(c), <b>140.6</b> *		
	NA   140.4   110.2, 110.5   120.3, 120.4;   120.4;   120.5, 120.8   120.5, 120.8   120.5, 120.8   120.5, 120.8   120.5, 120.8   120.3, 120.8;   120.9, 120.9   130.0, 130.1*, 120.9;   130.0, 130.1*, 130.4   140.3(c), 130.0;   130.0, 130.1;   130.0, 130.1;   130.0, 130.1;   130.0, 130.1;   130.0, 130.1;   130.0, 130.2	140.7	N.A.				
	Electrical Power Distribution	110.11, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	<mark>130.5</mark> *	N.A.		
	Pool and Spa Systems	110.4, 110.5	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.1)  40.2  3 (c) 140.0, 140.1  4*  5 140.6*  7 N.A.  N.A.  141.0(a)	
	Solar Ready Buildings	<del>110.10</del>	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.1)  140.0, 140.1  N.A.  N.A.	141.0(a)
	Refrigerated Warehouse Commercial Refrigeration Parking Garage Process Boilers Compressed Air Elevators Escalators/Moving Walkways Computer Room Commercial Kitchens Lab and Factory Exhaust Systems	110.2	<mark>120.6</mark> *	N.A.	<del>140.9</del>	140.1	<mark>140.9</mark> , 141.1
Signs	Indoor and Outdoor	110.9	N.A.	130.0, <mark>130.3</mark>	140.8	N A	141.0, <mark>141.0(b)2H</mark>



# Title 24, Part 6: Subchapter 5 – Envelope §140.3

### **Demographics**

 Prescriptive requirements and the performance options for nonresidential buildings

### Hidden Gems

- Be aware of WHAT you can trade using the performance approach
  - Example: Understand that when designing a wall, it must meet prescriptive U-factors, or take a "penalty" for this in a performance calculation.

### Exceptions

- The following is exempt for Healthcare Occupancies:
  - Nothing is exempt when considering envelope requirements



# Importance of Climate Zones



What is the difference between the Climate Zones?

- Climate conditions determine the "zone" a location is assigned to and considers all of the following:
  - → Humidity
  - ♦ Elevation
  - → Temperature
  - Weather patterns

Humidity	Elevation	Temperature	Weather
Coastal	At Sea Level	Cold	Foggy
Inland	Above Sea Level	Mild	Cloudy
Desert	Mountain	Hot	Sunny





# Title 24, Part 6: Subchapter 5 – HVAC §140.4

### Exceptions

- The following is exempt for Healthcare Occupancies:
  - HVAC §140.4
    - Sizing calculations and equipment selection of §140.4(b) not required and to use CA Mechanical Code calculation requirements instead
    - Fan system requirements of §140.4(c)
    - Space-conditioning zone controls of §140.4(d)
    - Supply air temperature resent control requirements of §140.4(f)
    - 300 ton air cooled chiller limitation per §140.4(i)
    - Chilled/hot water temperature reset controls of §140.4(k)4
    - ► HERS duct leakage verification per §140.4(I)
    - Variable fan airflow control requirements of §140.4(m)
    - Operable window/door interlock controls of §140.4(n)
    - Exhaust system supply flow limitations of §140.4(o)

■ The following is NOT exempt for Healthcare Occupancies:

#### HVAC

- Load sizing calculations and equipment selection (CA Mechanical Code)
- Economizers per §140.4(e)
- Limitation of electric resistance heating systems per §140.4(g)
- Heat rejection system requirements of §140.4(h)
- Minimum chiller efficiency requirements of §140.4(i)
- All other hydronic system requirements (not including temperature reset controls) of §140.4(k)





### **Demographics**

 Description of methods used to determine allowed lighting power (watts per square foot)

### Hidden Gems

- Table 140.6-C Area Category
   Method Lighting power Density
   Values
  - These space types are used by the compliance software to "define" space types (i.e. lobby, office, exam/treatment room)

### Exceptions

- The following is exempt for Healthcare Occupancies:
  - Indoor lighting §140.6
    - Wattage associated with office buildings with medical and clinical areas and healthcare facilities that are:
      - Examination and surgical lights,
      - Low-ambient night-lights, and
      - Lighting integral to medical equipment

Provided that these lighting systems are additions to and separately switched from a general lighting system.

 Sign Lighting controls are exempt per §130.3, but the wattage requirements will be required.



# Area Types Define Modeling Regime

	Main Entry Lobby				
	Stairwell				
	Corridor Area				
Aging Evo/Low	Lounge/Waiting Area				
Aging Eye/Low- vision <sup>11</sup>	Multipurpose Room				
VISION	Religious Worship				
	Area				
	Dining				
	Restroom				
All other					
Audience Seating Are	ea				
Auditorium Area					
Auto Repair / Mainte	nance Area				
Beauty Salon Area					
Civic Meeting Place A					
Classroom, Lecture, T	raining, Vocational				
Area					
Commercial/	Warehouse				
Industrial Storage	Shipping & Handling				
Concourse and Atria	Area				
Convention, Confere	nce, Multipurpose				
and Meeting Area					
Copy Room					
Corridor Area					
	Bar/Lounge and Fine				
Dining Area	Dining				
Diffing Area	Cafeteria/Fast Food				
	Family and Leisure				

Electrical, Mechanical,	Telephone Rooms
Exercise/Fitness Cente	
Area	•
Financial Transaction A	Area
General/Commercial	Low Bay
& Industrial Work	High Bay
Area	Precision
	Exam/Treatment
	Room
	Imaging Room
	Medical Supply
	Room
Healthcare Facility an	<i>Nursery</i>
Hospitals	Nurse's Station
	Operating Room
	Patient Room
	Physical Therapy
	Room
	Recovery Room
Hotel Function Area	
Kitchen/Food Prepara	tion Area
Laundry Area	
	Reading Area
	Stacks Area
Locker Room	
Lounge, Breakroom, c	or Waiting Area
Main Entry Lobby	- / // /- /- /- /
Museum Area	Exhibition/Display
	Restoration Room

	•
	> 250 square feet
Office Area	≤ 250 square feet
	Open plan office
	Parking Zone
Parking Carago Area	Dedicated Ramps
Parking Garage Area	Daylight Adaptation
	Zones <sup>2</sup>
Pharmacy Area	
Religious Worship Ar	ea
Restrooms	
	Grocery Sales
Retail Sales Area	Retail Merchandise
Netali Sales Alea	Sales
	Fitting Room
Scientific Laboratory	Area
	Class I Facility <sup>13</sup>
Sports Arena –	Class II Facility <sup>13</sup>
Playing Area	Class III Facility <sup>13</sup>
	Class IV Facility <sup>13</sup>
Stairwell	
Theater Area	Motion picture
Theater Area	Performance
Transportation	Baggage Area
Function	Ticketing Area
Videoconferencing St	cudio





# Title 24, Part 6: Subchapter 5 - Process §140.9

### **Demographics**

These are requirements that are typically considered process loads (not supporting comfort HVAC loads), and have Energy Code requirements

### Hidden Gems

Nothing in this subchapter applies to Healthcare occupancies

### Exceptions

- The following is exempt for Healthcare Occupancies:
  - Computer rooms per §140.9(a)
  - Kitchen hoods per §140.9(b)
  - Lab and factory exhaust and fume hood systems per §140.9(c)



# Energy Code

### HEALTHCARE ROAD MAP TO TITLE 24, PART 6 1

#### ALL OCCUPANCIES:

Article 1 of Title 24, Part 1 (10-101 through 10-114) including documentation requirements of 10-103 which have been adopted by OSHPD

Building	Building		<b>S</b> Mandatory		R	<b>5</b> 2	R
Occupancies	Application	All Occupancy  Subchapter 1-2 (100.0-110.11)	Nonresidential Occupancy Subchapter 3 (120.0-120.9)	Nonresidential Lighting/ELP Subchapter 4 (130.0-130.5)	Prescriptive Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.9)	Performance Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.1)	Additions Alterations Subchapter 6 (141.0-141.1)
	General	100.0, 100.1-2, 110.0, 110.1 <sup>2</sup>	120.0	N.A.	140, 140.2		
	Envelope (conditioned)	110.6, 110.7, 110.8	120.7	N.A.	140.3		
	Envelope (uncond, process spaces)		N.A.		140.3(c)		
Nonresidential	HVAC (conditioned)	110.2, 110.5	<mark>120.1, 120.2*,</mark> 120.3, <mark>120.4,</mark> 120.5, 120.8	N.A.	<mark>140.4</mark> *	140.0, 140.1	<mark>141.0</mark> *
High-Rise	Water Heating	<mark>110.3</mark> *	120.3, <mark>120.8,</mark> 120.9	N.A.	140.5		
and	Indoor Lighting (conditioned, process spaces)	110.9. <mark>110.12</mark>	<mark>120.8</mark>	130.0, <mark>130.1</mark> *, 130.4	140.3(c), <b>140.6</b> *		
Hotels/Motels	Indoor Lighting (uncond. & parking garages)	110.9, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	130.0, 130.1, <mark>130.4</mark>	140.3(c), <b>140.6</b> *		
Nonresidential High-Rise Residential, and Hotels/Motels   Hotels/Motels	140.7	N.A.					
	Electrical Power Distribution	110.11, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	<mark>130.5</mark> *	N.A.		
	Pool and Spa Systems	110.4, 110.5	N.A.	N.A.	Prescriptive   Subchapter 5		
	Solar Ready Buildings	<del>110.10</del>	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Subchapter 5 (140.0-140.1)  140.0, 140.1  N.A.  N.A.	141.0(a)
Covered Processes <sup>3</sup>		110.2	<mark>120.6</mark> *	N.A.	<del>140.9</del>	140.1	<mark>140.9</mark> , 141.1
Signs	Indoor and Outdoor	110.9	N.A.	130.0, <mark>130.3</mark>	140.8	N.A.	141.0, <mark>141.0(Խ)2</mark>





# Title 24, Part 6: Subchapter 6

### Demographics

What's different when existing construction is involved?

### Hidden Gems

- Understanding that the requirements for additions may differ from what is required for a new building.
  - Existing equipment serving addition do not need to meet current code

### Exceptions

- The following is exempt for Healthcare Occupancies:
  - Alterations per §141.0(b)







# Prescriptive vs Performance

# **Nonresidential Standards: §140**

# **Mandatory Measures (MM)**

Must be met, always — may be exceeded



# Option #1

### **Prescriptive Approach**

- Simple but inflexible —

   "all or nothing" approach to compliance
- Offers list of requirements for <u>each</u> building feature.
- List of requirements based on climate zone.

# Option #2

### **Performance Approach**

- Allows flexibility and building customization
- Software verifies whether "Proposed Design" is as good as, or better than, "Standard Design" (the baseline for Prescriptive)

OR

**Project Compliance Documentation** 



# Prescriptive vs Performance: Envelope Example

# Prescriptive

→ Standards §140.3(a) — Tables 140.3-B, C, D



- Envelope components treated separately
- → Each envelope component must meet specific requirements





# **2** Performance

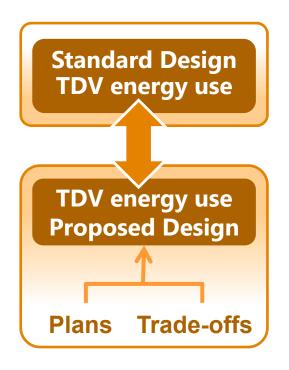
- Envelope plus lighting and/or mechanical, if permitted at the same time
- → If envelope components only, tradeoffs allowed among all envelope components
- → If envelope is combined with other parts of the building for energy compliance, then more trade-offs can be made — for example:

Increasing envelope efficiency in order to allow more lighting power or a less efficient mechanical system



# Performance Approach





- → Performance Approach used the most because it allows a custom description of building features for many trade-off opportunities.
- Baseline based on Prescriptive requirements.
- Proposed building complies if TDV energy use of Proposed Design ≤ the Standard Design.
- Approved Performance software for 2019 Energy Code (Nonresidential Buildings):\*
  - CBECC-Com
  - EnergyPro
  - ♦ IES-VE

Different compliance software may limit the definition of certain features, such as overhang shading or other compliance credits.

\* NOTE: The list of approved software changes over time. Please check the CEC site for the latest information:

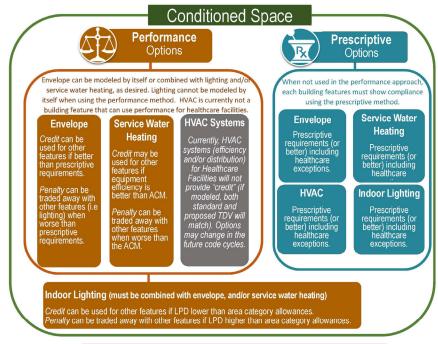
https://ww2.energy.ca.gov/title24/2019standards/2019\_computer\_prog\_list.htm



# Which Compliance Method?



#### MODELING HEALTHCARE FOR COMPLIANCE





How will the building comply with the Energy Code:

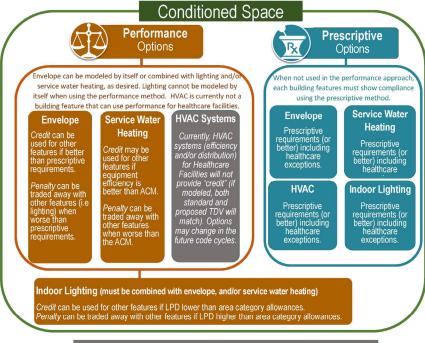
- Prescriptive?
  - Can be envelope and/or indoor lighting of conditioned space;
  - Currently it would be best to use for HVAC;
  - Must be used for indoor lighting in unconditioned space, outdoor and sign lighting.



# Which Compliance Method?



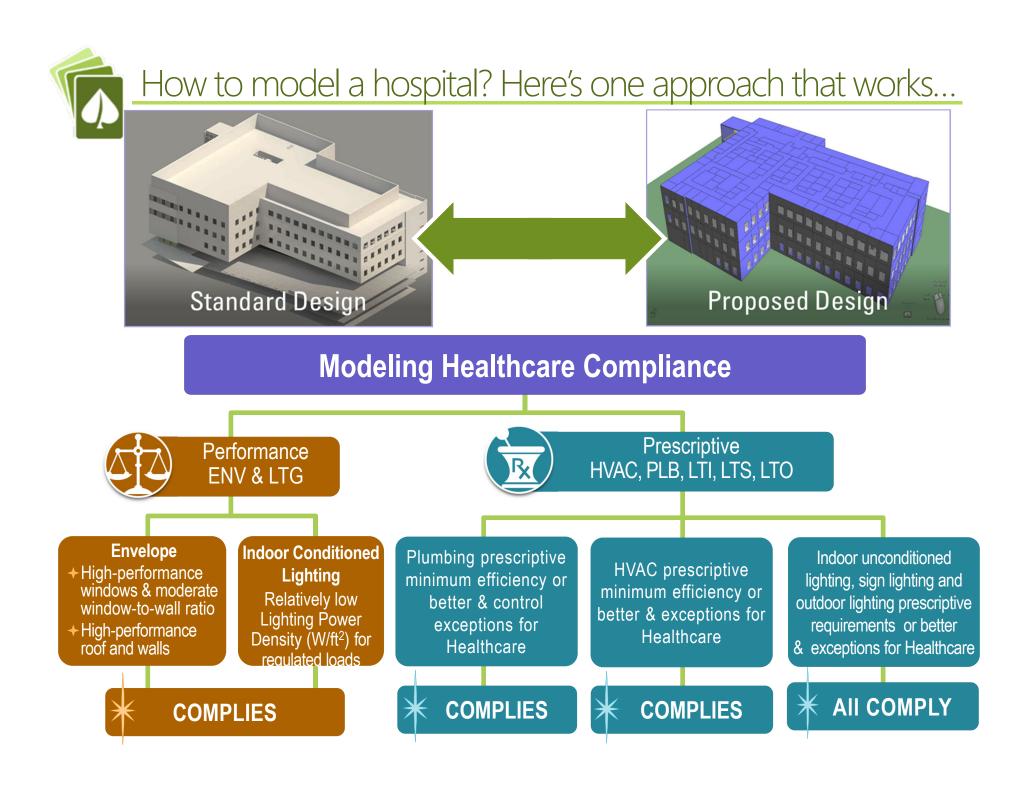
#### MODELING HEALTHCARE FOR COMPLIANCE





How will the building comply with the Energy Code:

- Performance? Can be...
  - A mix of the envelope of the conditioned space and the indoor lighting in conditioned spaces;
  - Just the envelope;
  - Cannot be just the lighting;
  - Currently there are no benefits to using HVAC?





# "Real world" example: Large Acute Care Tower (Highland) construction completed 2017

# What needs to be improved to show compliance?



250,000 ft<sup>2</sup>, 9 Stories, Patient Rooms, Surgery Suites, Imaging

- → 25% Window-to-Wall Ratio (WWR)
  - → Compared to 25% WWR
- → Window Performance: 0.51 U-Factor 0.27–0.29 SHGC
  - → Compared to U-factor = 0.41 / SHGC = 0.26 / VT = 0.46
- → R-30 Total Thermal Performance Roof: U-factor = 0.031
  - → Compared to U-factor = 0.034
- → R-16 Total Thermal Performance Walls. U-factor = 0.106
  - → Compared to U-factor = 0.082

or + 0.65 Watts/ft<sup>2</sup> of regulated lighting load

→ Compared to a little less than 0.65 W/ft²

### **Exempt Lighting Loads:**

- ♦ Surgical Lighting

- Lighting Integral to Medical Equipment

# Another example: Small hospital modeled with ENV and LTG

# What needs to be improved to show compliance?



76,000 ft<sup>2</sup>, two stories over parking garage

- → 47.3% Window-to-Wall Ratio
- → Compared to 40% WWR

TT5

- Window Performance: U-factor = 0.41 / SHGC = 0.26 / VT = 0.46 (Prescriptive Minimum)
- or + Compared to the same
  - Roof and walls at Prescriptive Minimum
    - → Compared to the same

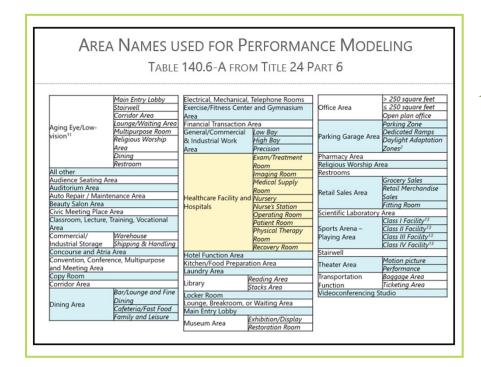
- Prescriptive Minimum Lighting Power Density for regulated lighting load
  - → Compared to the same

### **Exempt Lighting Loads:**

- Surgical Lighting
- ♦ Exam Lighting
- Low Ambient Night-Lights
- Lighting Integral to Medical Equipment



# Utilizing Lighting Power in Performance



### 6,775 watts allowed

- → Credit for anything less than
- → Penalty for anything more than

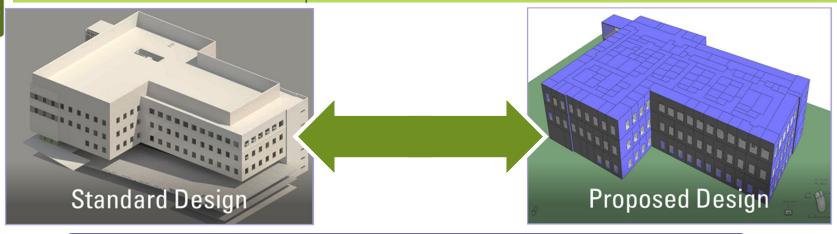
### **Breaking Down the Spaces**

- Selecting the correct space type will set the correct LPD allowance you are compared against at the building level:
  - ♦ Corridors = 0.6 W/ft²
  - $\Rightarrow$  Lobby = 0.85 W/ft<sup>2</sup>
  - ♦ Exam/Treatment Rm = 1.15 W/ft²

Corridors @ 1,000 ft<sup>2</sup> x 0.6 W/ft<sup>2</sup> = 600 W + Lobby @ 500 ft<sup>2</sup> x 0.85 W/ft<sup>2</sup> = 425 W + Exam @ 5,000 ft<sup>2</sup> x 1.15 W/ft<sup>2</sup> = 5,750 W



How to model a hospital? Here's another...



### **Modeling Healthcare Compliance**





#### **Envelope**

- → High-performance windows & moderate window-to-wall ratio
- → High-performance roof and walls

Indoor conditioned lighting prescriptive minimum efficiency or better & controls exceptions for Healthcare

Plumbing
prescriptive
minimum efficiency
or better &
controls exceptions
for Healthcare

HVAC Prescriptive
Minimum efficiency
or better &
exceptions for
Healthcare

Indoor unconditioned lighting, sign lighting and outdoor lighting prescriptive requirements or better & exceptions for Healthcare

**X** COMPLIES

**\*** COMPLIES







**COMPLIES** 



### How about not using modeling software?

### **Prescriptive Approach**



- Simple but inflexible "all or nothing" approach to compliance
- → Offers list of requirements for <u>each</u> building feature.
- + List of requirements based on climate zone.

### **Modeling Healthcare Compliance**

**T**X

Prescriptive ENV, HVAC, PLB, LTI, LTS, LTO

Envelope
prescriptive
minimum
prescriptive
requirements or
better

Indoor lighting
prescriptive
minimum efficiency
or better &
controls exceptions
for Healthcare

Plumbing
prescriptive
minimum efficiency
or better &
controls exceptions
for Healthcare

HVAC prescriptive minimum efficiency or better & exceptions for Healthcare

Indoor unconditioned lighting, sign lighting and outdoor lighting prescriptive requirements or better & exceptions for Healthcare

\* COMPLIES

**\*** COMPLIES

\* COMPLIES

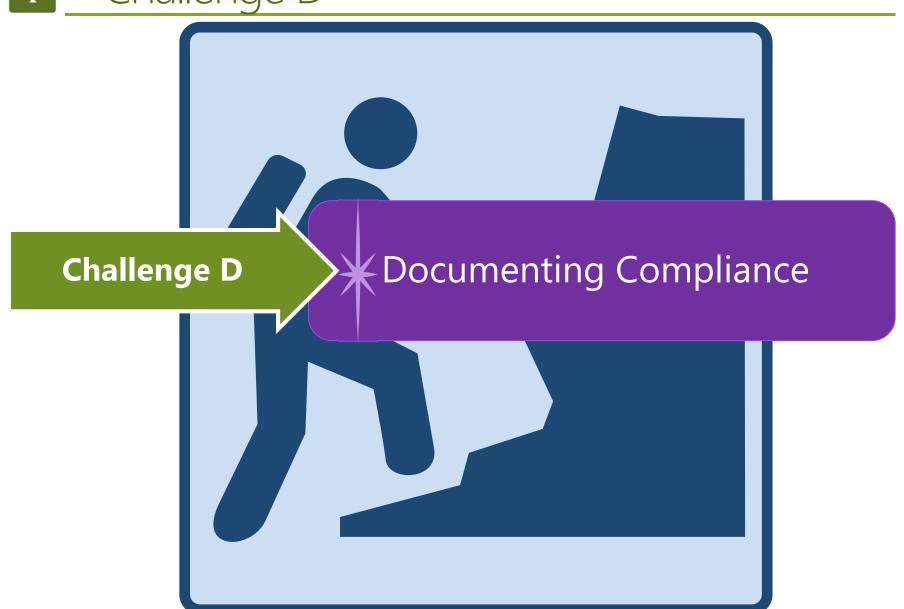
\* COMPLIES

\*

**COMPLIES** 



# Challenge D





# Who, what, where for the forms?



Documentation Specific To the Energy Code							
	0 00111211111		NRCC Form		NRCI Forms	NRCA Forms	
Building	Building Application	Under the purview of the designer to demonstrate how the applicable building features are meeting the requirements of the Energy Code and submitted to OSHPD for plan review.			Under the purview of the installing contractor to	Under the purview of the installing contractor to document what was installed is tested and meets the acceptance	
Occupancies		Performance	Prescriptive	Mandatory	document what was installed to meet the requirements documented in the NRCC forms approved for plan review.	testing requirements.  Many of these are exempt for healthcare facilities and field verification methods used by OSHPD take precedence.	
	General			N,	'A		
	Envelope (conditioned)	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-ENV-E	Note block	NRCI-ENV-01-E	NRCA-ENV-02-F NRCA-ENV-03-F	
Nonresidential	HVAC (conditioned)	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-MCH-E	Note block	NRCI-MCH-01-E	NRCA-MCH-02 through 19-A	
	Water Heating	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PLB-E	Note block	NRCI-PLB-01-E	N/A	
	Indoor Lighting (conditioned, process spaces)	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-LTI-E	Note block	NRCI-LTI-01 through 06-E	NRCCA-LTI-02 through 05-A	
	Indoor Lighting (uncond. & parking garages)	N/A	NRCC-LTI-E	Note block	NRCI-LTI-01/02/05-E	NRCCA-LTI-02 through 05-A	
	Outdoor Lighting	N/A	NRCC-LTO-E	Note block	NRCI-LTO-01/02-E	NRCA-LTO-02-A	
	Electrical Power Distribution (voltage drop requirements only)	N/A	N/A	NRCC-ELC-E	NRCI-ELC-01-E	N/A	
	Commissioning	A/A	A\/A	NRCC-CXR-E	N/A	N/A	
	Pool and Spa Systems	N/A	N/A	Note block	N/A	N/A	
	Solar Ready Buildings	ildings N/A N/A NRCC-SRA-E NRCI-SF		NRCI-SPV or STH-01-E	N/A		
	Refrigerated Warehouse* ≥3,000 ft <sup>2</sup>	N/A	N/A	NRCC-PRC-E	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-04 through 08-F	
	Commercial (Retail) Refrigeration*	N/A	N/A	NRCC-PRC-E	NRCI-PRC-01-E	N/A	
	Parking Garage	N/A	N/A	NRCC-PRC-E	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA PRC 03 E	
	Process Boilers ≥2.5 MMBtu/h	N/A	N/A	NRCC-PRC-E	NRCI-PRC-01-E	N/A	
Covered	Compressed Air	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PRC-E	Note block	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-01-F	
Processes <sup>3</sup>	Elevators	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PRC-E	Note-block	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-12-F	
	Escalators and moving						
	walkways (airport, hotel and transportation areas only)	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PRC-E	Note block	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-13-F	
	Computer Rooms	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PRC-E	Note block	NRCI-PRC-01-E	N/A	
	Commercial Kitchens	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PRC-E	Note-block	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-02-F	
	Lab and Factory Exhaust Systems	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PRC-E	Note-block	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-14/15-F NRCA-PRC-16-A	
Signs	Indoor and Outdoor	N/A	NRCC-LTS-E	Note block	NRCI-LTS-01-E	N/A	

#### Legend

Grey text and crossed: Not required for licensed healthcare facilities

Page 4 of 6

### Why 3 Forms?

- Certificate of Compliance (NRCC):
  - Under the purview of the **designer** to demonstrate how the applicable building features are meeting the requirements of the Energy Code.
- → Certificate of Installation (NRCI):
  - Under the purview of the installing contractor to document what was installed to meet the requirements documented in the NRCC forms approved for plan review.
- Certificate of Acceptance (NRCA):
  - Under the purview of the installing contractor to document what was installed is tested and meets the acceptance testing requirements.

<sup>\*</sup> Not a typical application for Healthcare Facilities



# 2019 NRCC (Nonresidential Certificates of Compliance)



**Indoor Lighting** 



Envelope



Mechanical



Plumbing



Performance



**Process** 



Sign Lighting



**Outdoor Lighting** 



Electrical



Solar Ready



Commissioning

- ★ You'll always see this form
- You'll **never** see this form; it does not apply to Healthcare projects
- ★ You'll likely see this form a lot
- ★ You might see this form for some projects depending on method used, and applicable PRC features



# 2019 NRCI and NRCA "Field Forms"



Completed in the field by the installer & given to the building inspector. Each trade with an NRCC scope will need to complete one (i.e. not FFA finish trades)

https://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/2019standards/2019\_compliance\_documents/Nonresidential Documents/NRCI/

Installation



Acceptance

NRCA-ENV-02-F to be completed in the field by the window Field Technician & given to the building inspector. None of the other NRCA forms are required for healthcare facilities.

https://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/2019standards/2019\_compliance\_documents/Nonresidential Documents/NRCA/







# Get on the Blueprint Email List!



#### Space Conditioning Systems

Illuminated Areas

Commissioning

New Mechanical

Acceptance Test

Provider

Track Lighting Alterations

Compliance Documents

Townhouses and Duplexes

> Energy Code Ace Training Schedule

Technician Certification

(NEBB), as a mechanical Acceptance Test

Technician Certification Provider (ATTCP).

The following is a list of requirements with 150.0(m)138. However, it does not have the the Energy Standards.

#### Mandatory Requirements

United States Department of Energy Standards:

SDHV systems manufactured on or after January 23, 2006, and before January 1, 2015, must have a minimum Seasonal Energy Ef- Prescriptive Requirements On January 13, 2016, the California Energy Heating Seasonal Performance Factor (HSPF) quirements apply as with any other system Commission (Energy Commission) approved the National Environmental Balancing Bureau

Section 150.0(m)15 - Specific to systems with multiple thermostatically controlled zones. Small duct high velocity (SDHV) systems may this section requires the same mandatory airbe used to comply with the Energy Standards. If low and fan efficacy requirements as Section direction on how SDHV systems can comply same duct and onlife sizing alternative. If such with the low-rise residential requirements of systems cannot satisfy the airflow and fan efficacy requirements of this section, compliance must be demonstrated via the performance

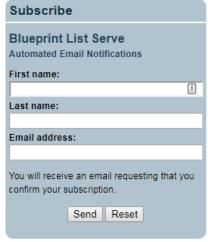
The duct leakage and insulation requirements

ficiency Ratio (SEER) of 11, and a minimum. The retriogrant charge and duct insulation re-

### **Blueprint**

- **Email Newsletter**
- Published quarterly

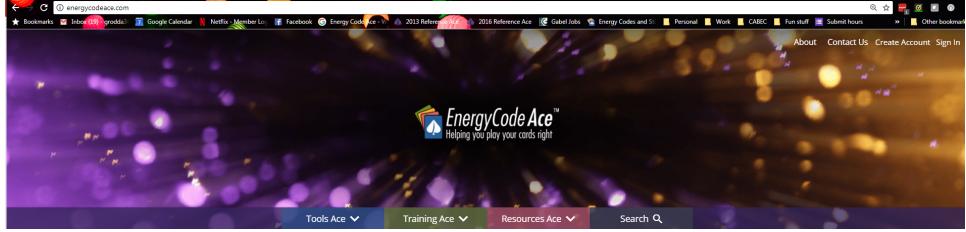
 Clarifications on frequently asked questions



www.energy.ca.gov/efficiency/blueprint/



# Other ECA Resources











Quick reference component-by-component summaries of sections of Title 24, Part 6 "triggered" based on project scope.

Quick reference summaries of key requirements, forms, definitions and resources for implementing Title 24, Part 6 and Title 20

Step-by-step guidance for plans checks and field inspections

Short manuals including compliance requirements and recommendations for implementing Title 24, Part 6 in new construction, addition and renovation projects.

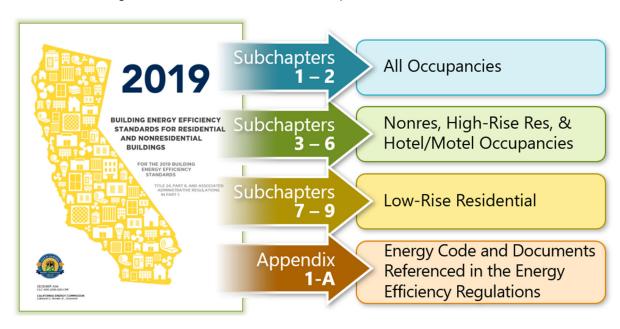
# WELCOMING HEALTHCARE FACILITIES TO TITLE 24 PART 6, THE ENERGY CODE



Highland Hospital, Oakland CA (picture curtesy of Ted Tiffany, Guttman & Blaevoet Consulting Engineers

Beginning **January 1, 2020**, Institutional (Group I) buildings will need to comply with the California Building Efficiency Standards, known as the Energy Code (California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 24, Part 6). Facilities subject to OSHPD licensing (per Health and Safety Code (HSC) §1204 or §1250, defined as "Healthcare Facilities" in the Energy Code), will be eligible for a number of exceptions from the Energy Code. Non-licensed institutional buildings will have to comply with all applicable sections of the Energy Code and are not eligible for the healthcare facility exceptions.

The Energy Code applies to three types of construction: new construction, additions, and alterations. Both new construction and additions in healthcare facilities will be required to comply with the Energy Code, but alterations within existing healthcare facilities will be exempt.



### HEALTHCARE ROAD MAP TO TITLE 24, PART 6

#### **ALL OCCUPANCIES:**

Article 1 of Title 24, Part 1 (10-101 through 10-114) including documentation requirements of 10-103 which have been adopted by OSHPD

Building Occupancies	Building Application	All Occupancy Subchapter 1-2	Mandatory  Nonresidential Occupancy Subchapter 3	Nonresidential Lighting/ELP Subchapter 4	Prescriptive Subchapter 5	Performance Subchapter 5	Additions Alterations Subchapter 6
		(100.0-110.11)	(120.0-120.9)	(130.0-130.5)	(140.0-140.9)	(140.0-140.1)	(141.0-141.1)
Nonresidential High-Rise Residential, and Hotels/Motels	General	100.0, 100.1-2, 110.0, 110.1 <sup>2</sup>	120.0	N.A.	140, 140.2		
	Envelope (conditioned)	110.6, 110.7, 110.8	120.7	N.A.	140.3		
	Envelope (uncond, process spaces)	N.A.			140.3(c)		
	HVAC (conditioned)	110.2, 110.5	120.1, 120.2*, 120.3, <mark>120.4, 120.5, 120.8</mark>	N.A.	<mark>140.4</mark> *	140.0, 140.1	141.0*
	Water Heating	<mark>110.3</mark> *	120.3, <mark><b>120.8,</b> 120.9</mark>	N.A.	140.5		
	Indoor Lighting (conditioned, process spaces)	110.9. <mark>110.12</mark>	<del>120.8</del>	130.0, <mark>130.1</mark> *, 130.4	140.3(c), <mark>140.6</mark> *		
	Indoor Lighting (uncond. & parking garages)	110.9, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	130.0, 130.1, <mark>130.4</mark>	140.3(c), <mark>140.6</mark> *		
	Outdoor Lighting	110.9, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	130.0, 130.2, <mark>130.4</mark>	140.7	N.A.	
	Electrical Power Distribution	110.11, <mark>110.12</mark>	N.A.	<mark>130.5</mark> *	N.A.		
	Pool and Spa Systems	110.4, 110.5	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.		
	Solar Ready Buildings	<del>110.10</del>	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	
Covered Processes <sup>3</sup>	Refrigerated Warehouse Commercial Refrigeration Parking Garage Process Boilers Compressed Air Elevators Escalators/Moving Walkways Computer Room Commercial Kitchens Lab and Factory Exhaust Systems	110.2	120.6*	N.A.	140.9	140.1	<b>140.9</b> , 141.1
Signs	Indoor and Outdoor	110.9	N.A.	130.0, <mark>1<b>30.3</b></mark>	140.8	N.A.	141.0, <mark>141.0(b)2H</mark>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This table is based on Table 100.0-A

#### <u>Legend</u>

Crossed out and highlighted: Entire subchapter is exempt for licensed healthcare facilities

Highlighted and \*: Only portions of the subchapter are exempt for licensed healthcare facilities

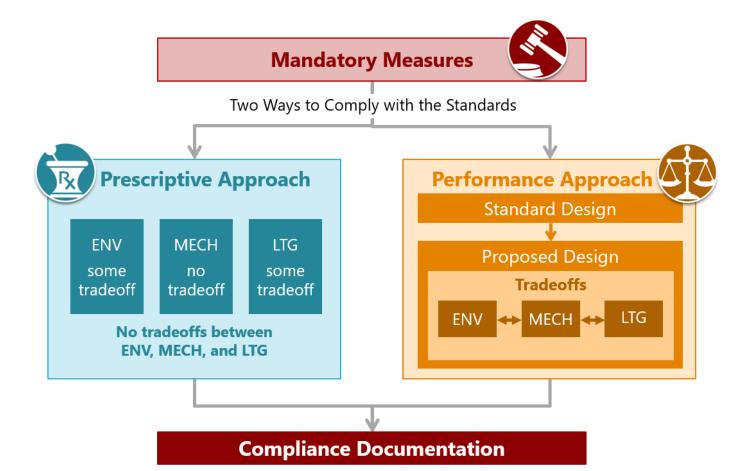


Helps you navigate the Standards using key word search capabilities, hyperlinked tables and related sections.

https://Energycodeace.com/content/reference-ace-2019-tool

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 110.1 refers to Title 20

\_3 Nonresidential, high-rise and hotel/motel buildings containing applicable covered processes





Mandatory Measures: All nonresidential buildings that are regulated occupancies must be designed and built to comply with the mandatory measures of the Energy Standards. Cannot be traded via the Performance Approach.



Prescriptive Approach: It is a set of prescribed performance levels for various building components, where each component must meet the required minimum efficiency.

- Must always be met/installed
- Establish minimum level of energy efficiency and/or performance
- Apply to various building components
- Sometimes are superseded by more stringent prescriptive or performance requirements
- Set of predefined efficiency requirements that must <u>ALL</u> be met or exceeded
- Applies to various building components
- Simplest approach, but less flexible
- Establishes baseline for Standard building/budget under Performance Approach



Performance Approach: Proposed TDV equal or better than baseline TDV <sup>1</sup> (Time Dependent Value is how energy efficiency is measured for the Energy Code).

- Requires the use of Energy Commission approved software
- Most flexible approach, allows for trade-offs
- Proposed energy budget ≤ Standard energy budget

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> TDV consists of large data sets that convert electricity, gas or propane to TDV energy. The rate of conversion varies for each hour of the year, for each climate zone and for each energy type (electricity, natural gas or propane). The conversion factors also vary by building type: low-rise residential and other building types, including nonresidential, hotel/motel and high-rise residential. There is a total of 144 hourly data sets (16 climate zones x 3 fuel types x 3 building types) where the 2 nonresidential building types are based on 15 year and then 30 year.

DOCUMENTATION SPECIFIC TO THE ENERGY CODE								
	Building Application		NRCC Forms	s	NRCI Forms	NRCA Forms		
Davilalia a		Under the purview of the designer to demonstrate how the applicable building features are meeting the requirements of the Energy Code and submitted to OSHPD for plan review.			Under the purview of the installing contractor to	Under the purview of the installing contractor to document what was installed is tested and		
Building Occupancies		Performance	Prescriptive R	Mandatory	document what was installed to meet the requirements documented in the NRCC forms approved for plan review.	meets the acceptance testing requirements.  Many of these are exempt for healthcare facilities and field verification methods used by OSHPD take precedence.		
	General			N/	N/A  NRCI-ENV-01-E  NRCI-HB-01-E  NRCI-LTI-01 through 06-E  NRCI-LTO-01/02-E  NRCI-ELC-01-E  NRCI-ELC-01-E  NRCI-SPV or STH-01-E  NRCI-PRC-01-E  NRCI-PRC-01-E			
	Envelope (conditioned)	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-ENV-E	Note block	NRCI-ENV-01-E	NRCA-ENV-02-F NRCA-ENV-03-F		
Nonresidential	HVAC (conditioned)	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-MCH-E	Note block	NRCI-MCH-01-E	NRCA-MCH-02 through 19-A		
	Water Heating	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PLB-E	Note block	NRCI-PLB-01-E	N/A		
	Indoor Lighting (conditioned, process spaces)	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-LTI-E	Note block	NRCI-LTI-01 through 06-E	NRCA-LTI-02 through 05-A		
	Indoor Lighting (uncond. & parking garages)	N/A	NRCC-LTI-E	Note block	NRCI-LTI-01/02/05-E	NRCA-LTI-02 through 05-A		
	Outdoor Lighting	N/A	NRCC-LTO-E	Note block	NRCI-LTO-01/02-E	NRCA-LTO-02-A		
	Electrical Power Distribution (voltage drop requirements only)	N/A	N/A	NRCC-ELC-E	NRCI-ELC-01-E	N/A		
	Commissioning	N/A	N/A	NRCC-CXR-E	N/A	N/A		
	Pool and Spa Systems	N/A	N/A	Note block	,	N/A		
	Solar Ready Buildings	N/A	N/A	NRCC-SRA-E	NRCI-SPV or STH-01-E	N/A		
	Refrigerated Warehouse* ≥3,000 ft <sup>2</sup>	N/A	N/A	NRCC-PRC-E	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-04 through 08-F		
	Commercial (Retail) Refrigeration*	N/A	N/A	NRCC-PRC-E		N/A		
	Parking Garage	N/A	N/A	NRCC-PRC-E	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-03-E		
Covered	Process Boilers ≥2.5 MMBtu/h	N/A	N/A	NRCC-PRC-E	NRCI-PRC-01-E	N/A		
	Compressed Air	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PRC-E	Note block	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-01-F		
3	<b>Elevators</b>	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PRC-E	Note block	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-12-F		
Processes	Escalators and moving walkways (airport, hotel and transportation areas only)	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PRC-E	Note block	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-13-F		
	Computer Rooms	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PRC-E	Note block	NRCI-PRC-01-E	N/A		
	Commercial Kitchens	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PRC-E	Note block	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-02-F		
	Lab and Factory Exhaust Systems	NRCC-PRF-01-E	NRCC-PRC-E	Note block	NRCI-PRC-01-E	NRCA-PRC-14/15-F NRCA-PRC-16-A		
Signs	Indoor and Outdoor	N/A	NRCC-LTS-E	Note block	NRCI-LTS-01-E	N/A		

#### Legend

Grey text and crossed: Not required for licensed healthcare facilities

<sup>\*</sup> Not a typical application for Healthcare Facilities

### MODELING HEALTHCARE FOR COMPLIANCE

### **Conditioned Space**



# Performance Options

Envelope can be modeled by itself or combined with lighting and/or service water heating, as desired. Lighting cannot be modeled by itself when using the performance method. HVAC is currently not a building feature that can use performance for healthcare facilities.

#### **Envelope**

Credit can be used for other features if better than prescriptive requirements.

Penalty can be traded away with other features (i.e lighting) when worse than prescriptive requirements.

### Service Water Heating

Credit may be used for other features if equipment efficiency is better than ACM.

Penalty can be traded away with other features when worse than the ACM.

#### **HVAC Systems**

Currently, HVAC systems (efficiency and/or distribution) for Healthcare Facilities will not provide "credit" (if modeled, both standard and proposed TDV will match). Options may change in the future code cycles.



# Prescriptive Options

When not used in the performance approach, each building features must show compliance using the prescriptive method.

#### **Envelope**

Prescriptive requirements (or better) including healthcare exceptions.

#### **HVAC**

Prescriptive requirements (or better) including healthcare exceptions.

## Service Water Heating

Prescriptive requirements (or better) including healthcare

#### **Indoor Lighting**

Prescriptive requirements (or better) including healthcare exceptions.

Indoor Lighting (must be combined with envelope, and/or service water heating)

Credit can be used for other features if LPD lower than area category allowances. Penalty can be traded away with other features if LPD higher than area category allowances.

### **Unconditioned Space or Outdoors**



Prescriptive Method Required

### Indoor, Outdoor & Sign Lighting

Prescriptive requirements (or better) including healthcare exceptions.



## **Mandatory**Method Required

#### **Electrical Power Distribution**

Mandatory requirements (or better) including healthcare exceptions.

#### **Covered Process**

Refrigerated warehouse, parking garage, process boiler mandatory requirements (or better) including healthcare exceptions.



### **CEC** Hotline

Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to noon, 1 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. 1-800-772-3300 (CA), (916) 654-5106 (Outside CA)

Email: <u>Title24@energy.ca.gov</u>

### List Server & Newsletter

Main conduit for stakeholder communication: <a href="www.energy.ca.gov/listservers/">www.energy.ca.gov/listservers/</a> (Subscribe to Building Standards & Blueprint Newsletter)

Download the Blueprint Newsletter: <a href="www.energy.ca.gov/efficiency/blueprint">www.energy.ca.gov/efficiency/blueprint</a>

### Other Useful Links

CEC Online Resource Center: <a href="https://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/orc">www.energy.ca.gov/title24/orc</a>

Approved Compliance Software: www.energy.ca.gov/title24/2019standards/2019 computer prog list.html









This program is funded by California utility customers and administered by Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E), San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E®), Southern California Edison Company (SCE), and Southern California Gas Company (SoCalGas®) under the auspices of the California Public Utilities Commission.

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